

Image analysis

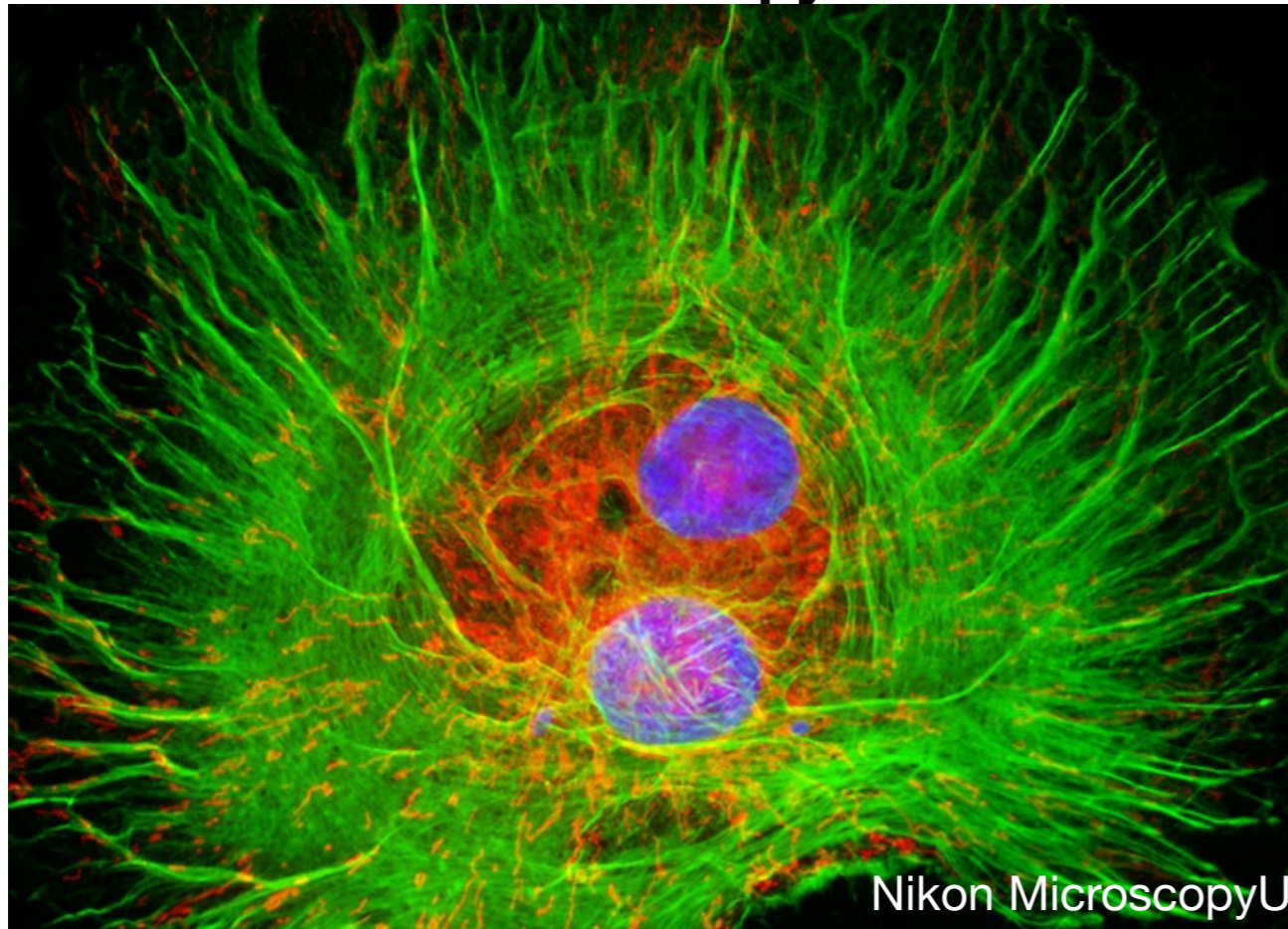
From algorithms to

artificial intelligence

Reviews in Computational Biology

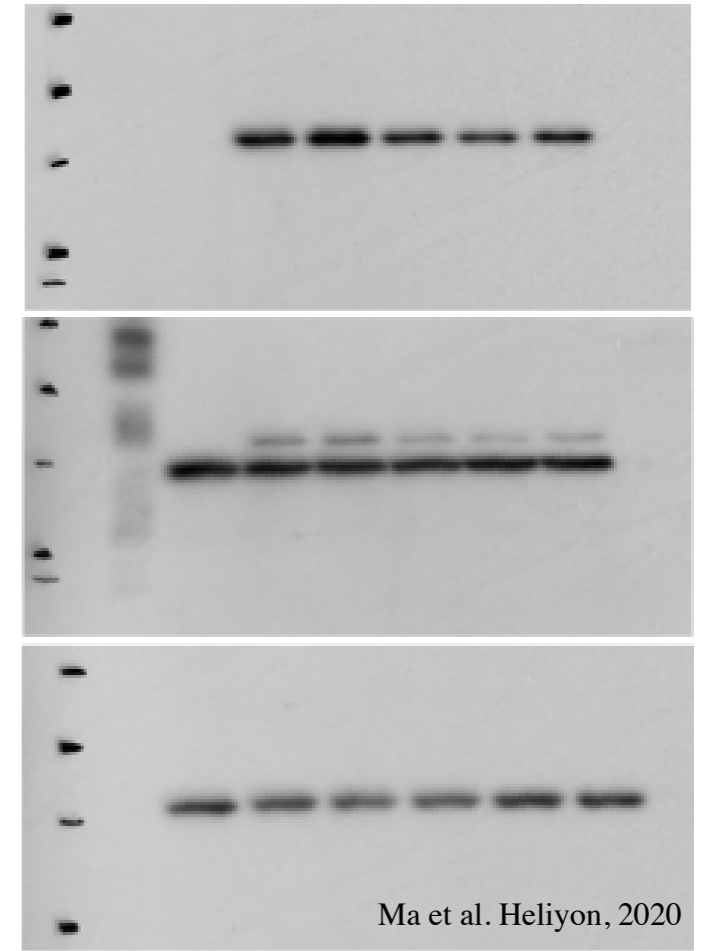
Serge Pelet, DMF

Fluorescence microscopy



EM

Western blot



MRI

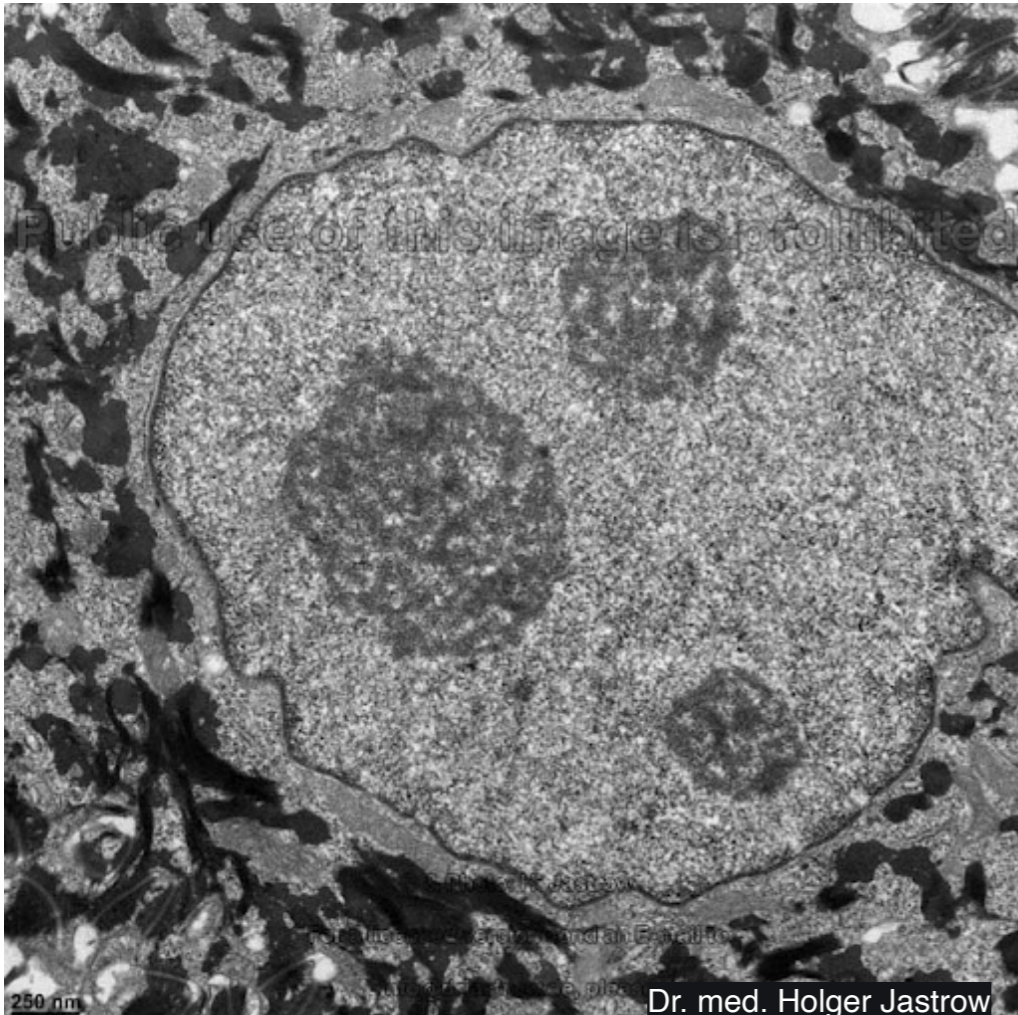
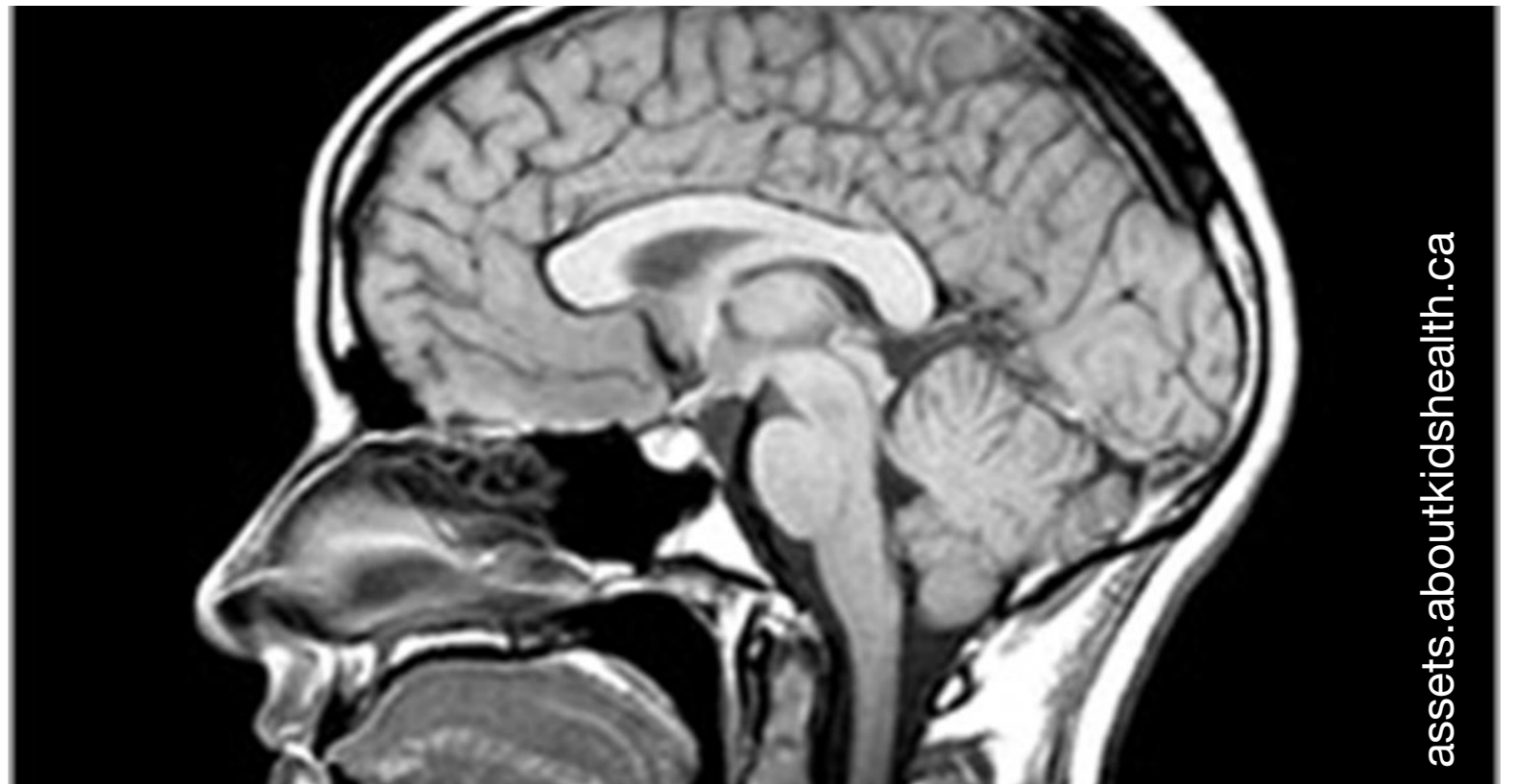
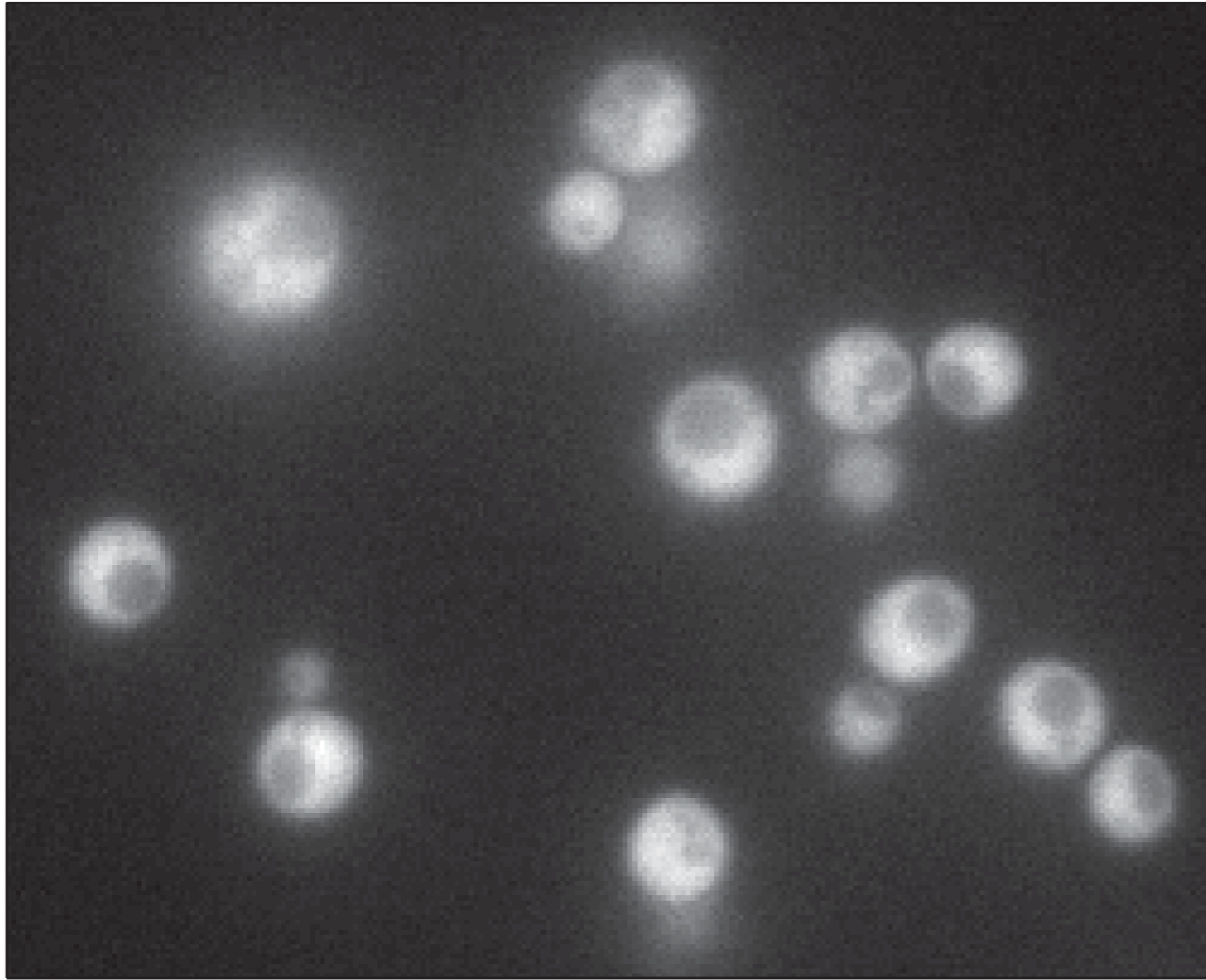
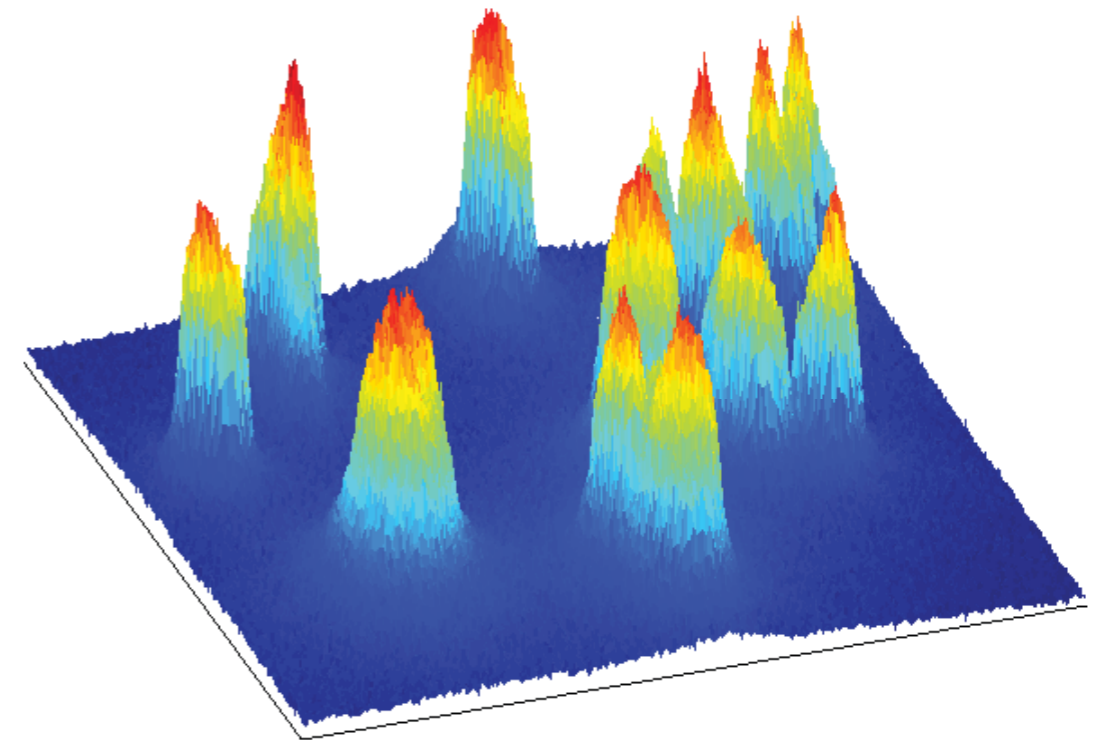


Image: 2D intensity map

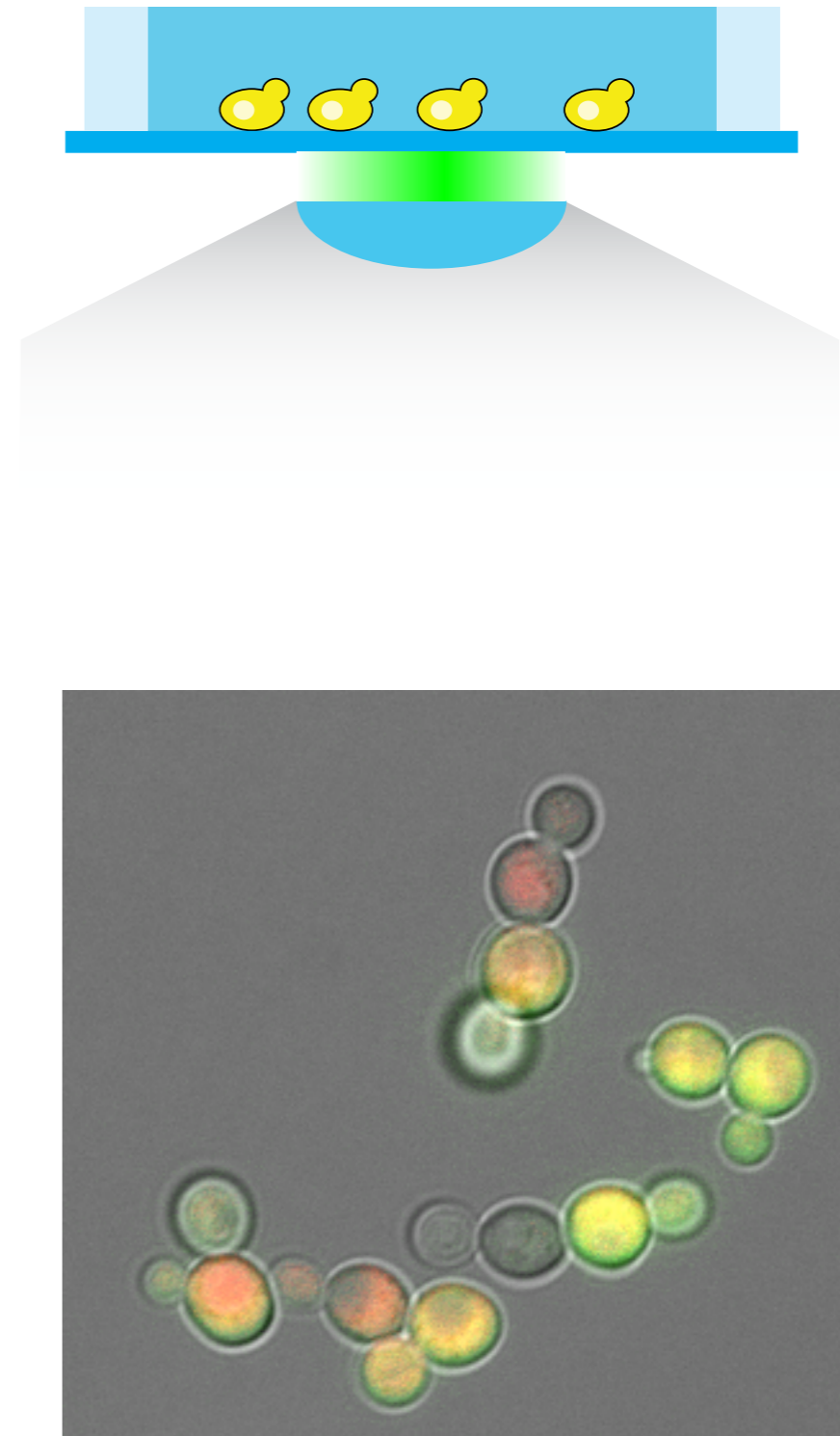
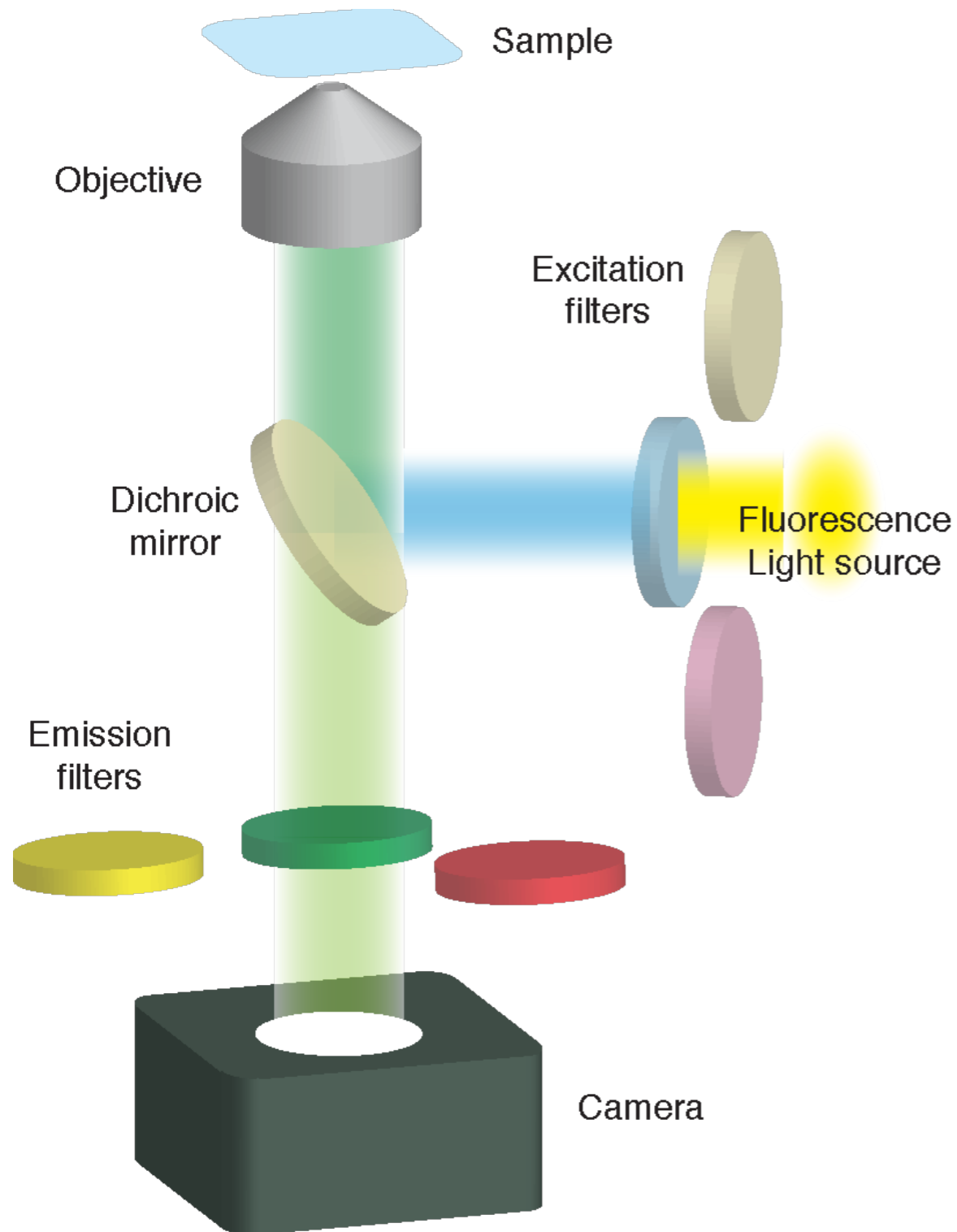
Image: 2D representation



3D-representation

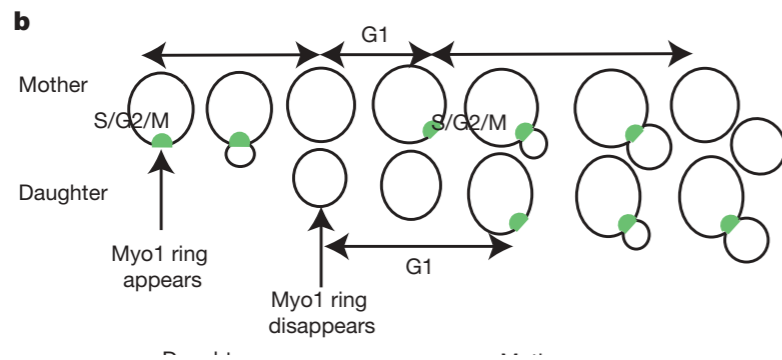
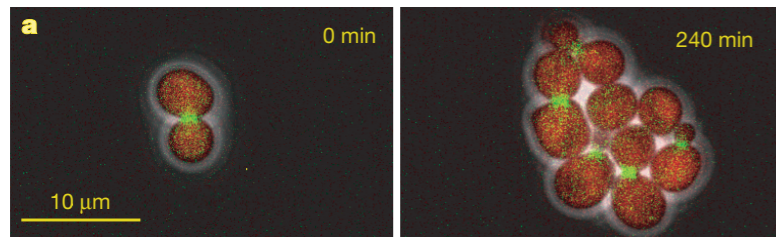


Fluorescence Microscopy

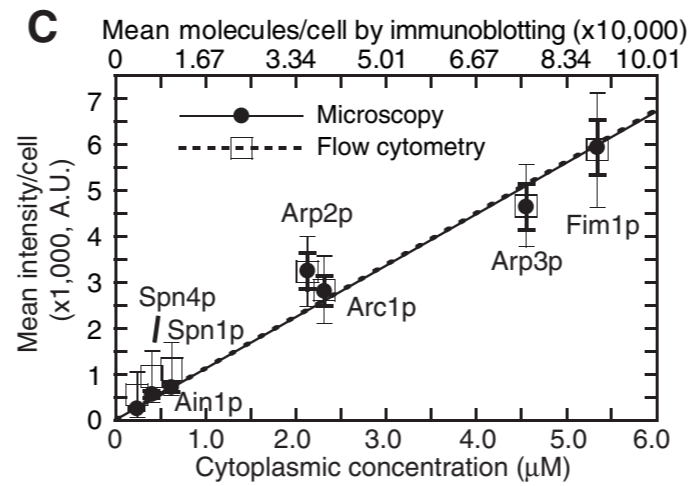


What to analyze?

Cell size

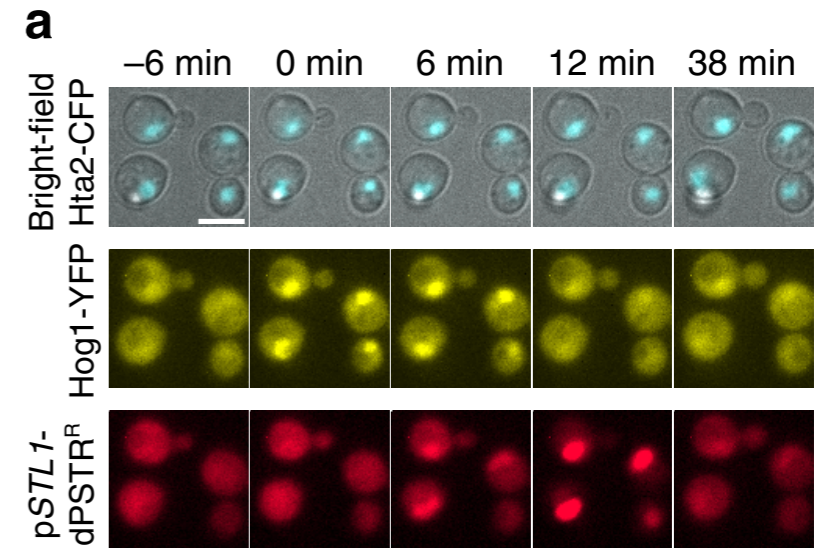


Expression level



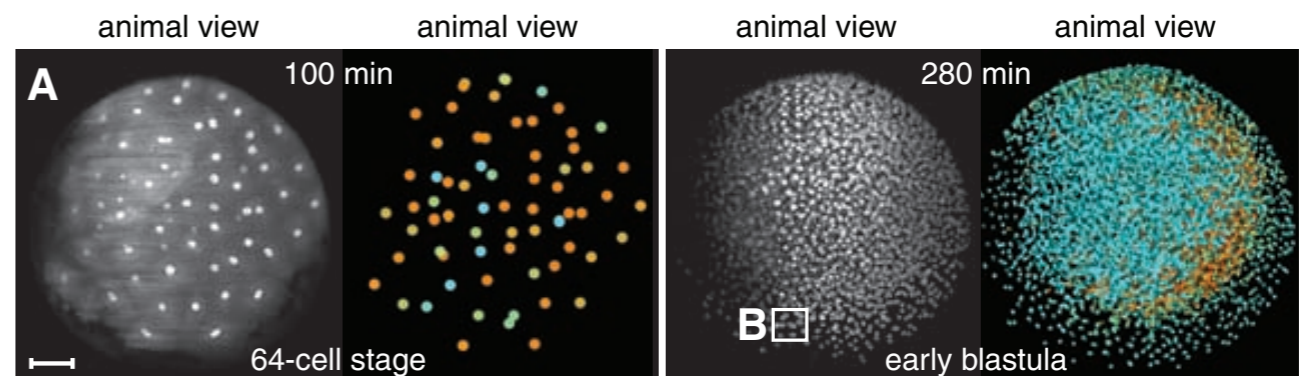
Wu et al. Science, 2005

Localization

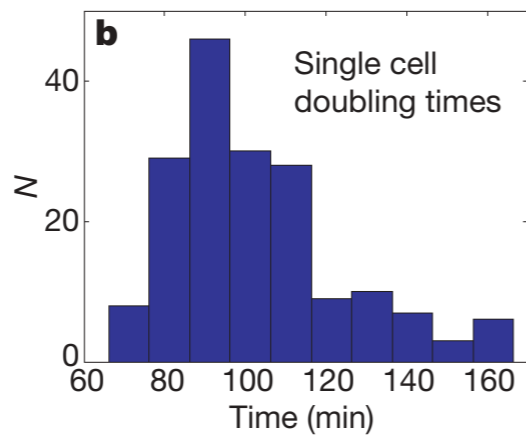
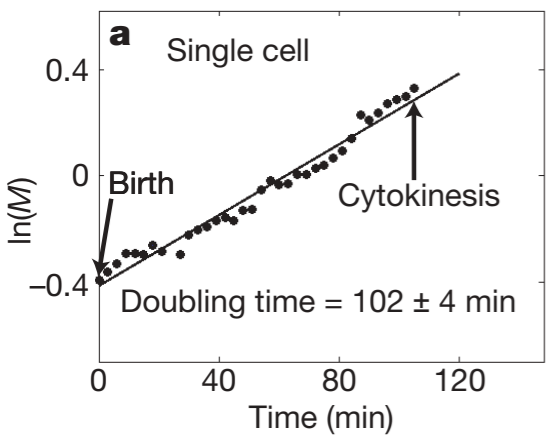


Aymoz et al. Nature Communications, 2016

Cell-cell interactions



Keller et al. Science, 2008



Di Talia et al. Nature, 2007

Analysis steps

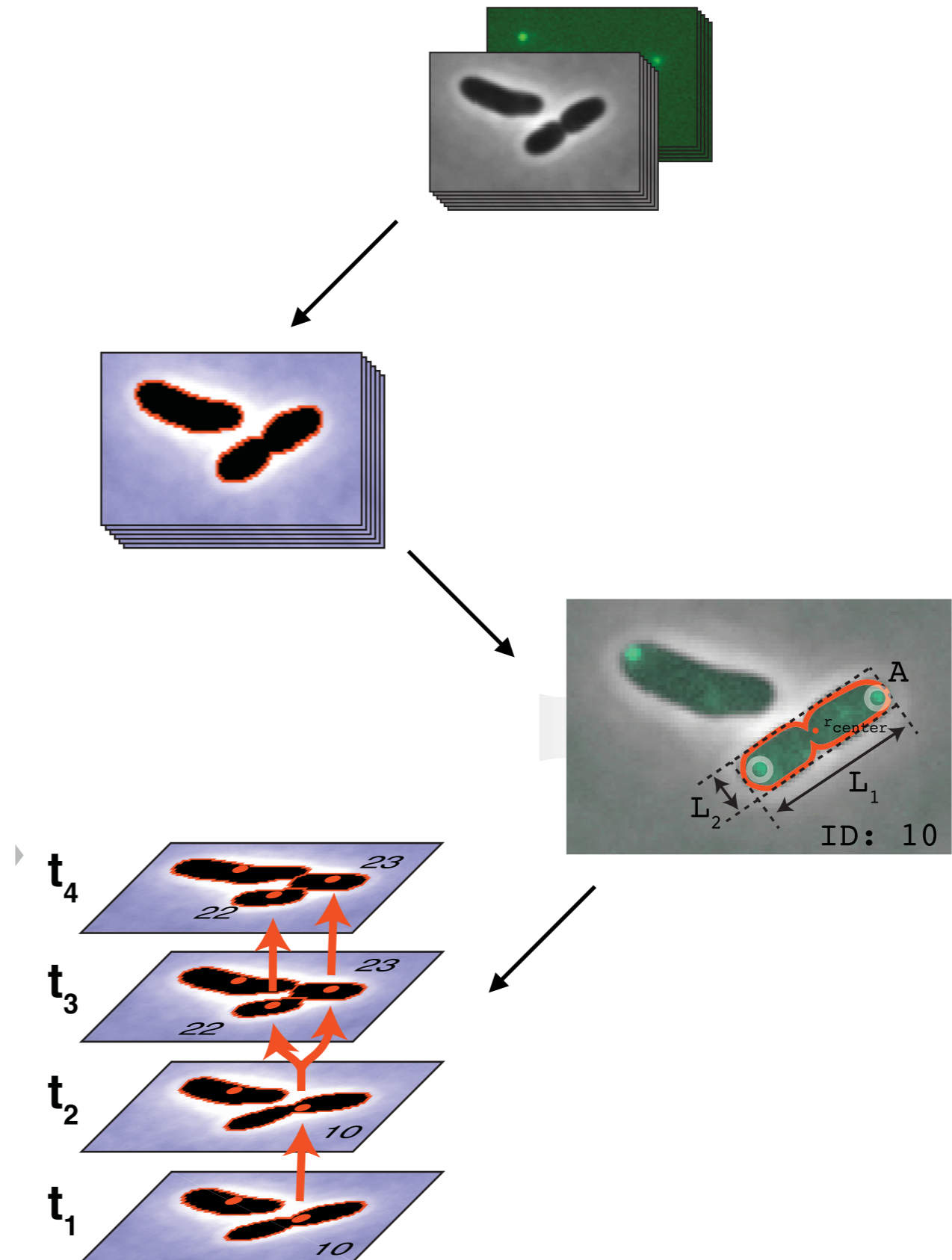
Object recognition (segmentation)



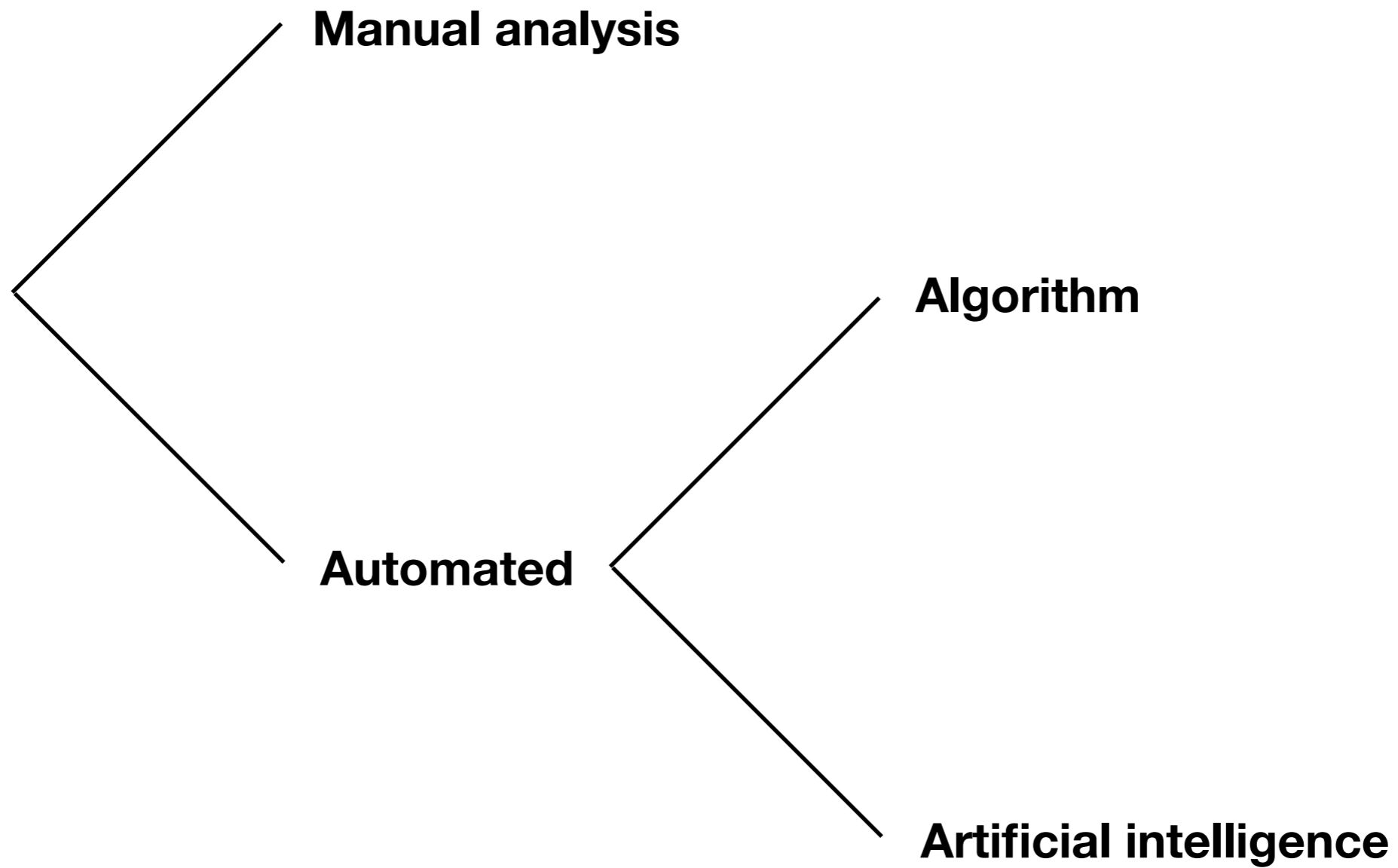
Feature Measurements



Tracking



How to analyze?



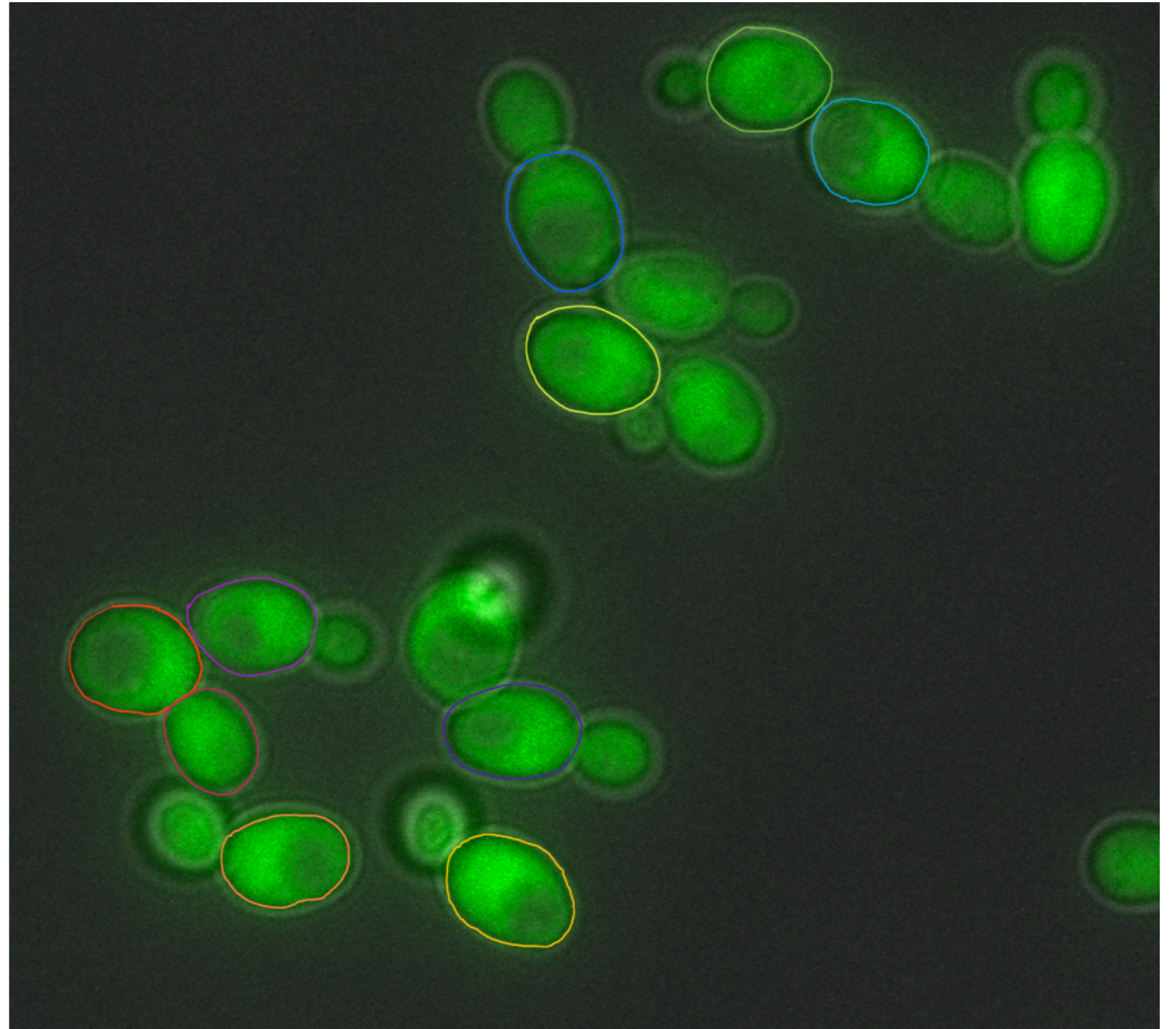
Manual analysis

Advantages

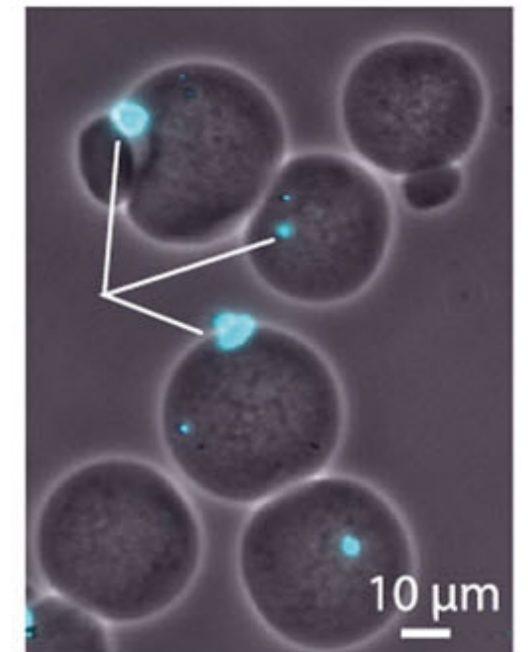
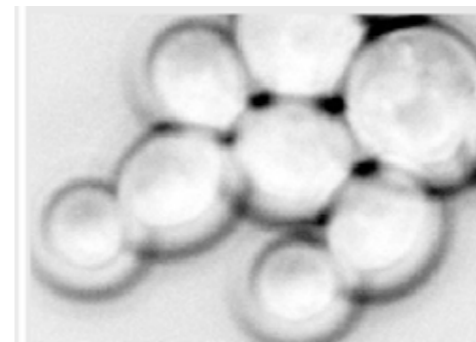
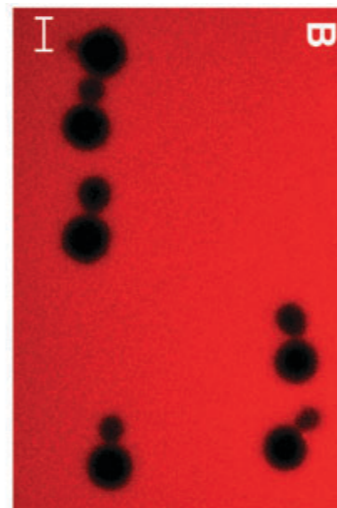
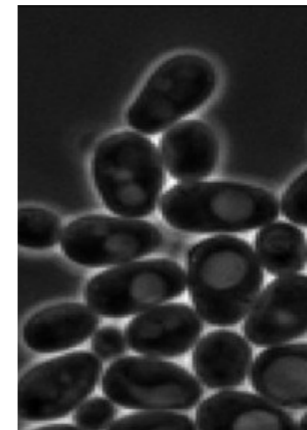
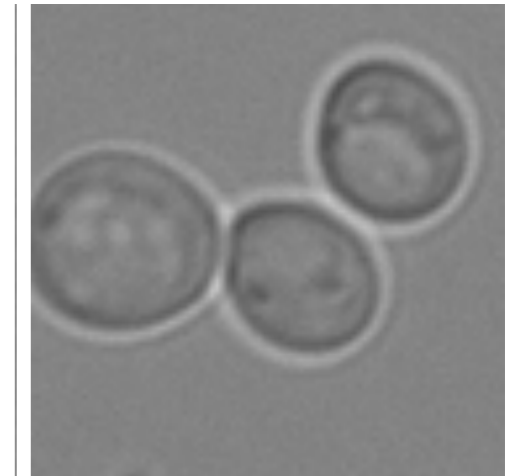
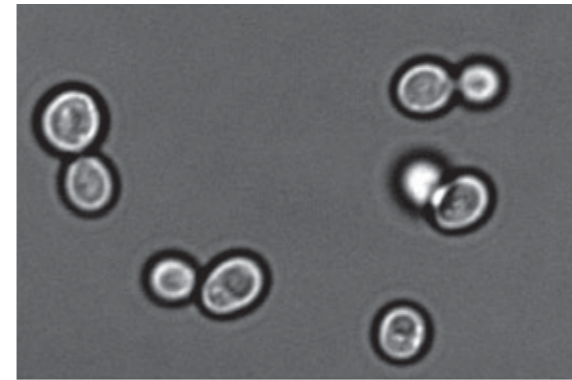
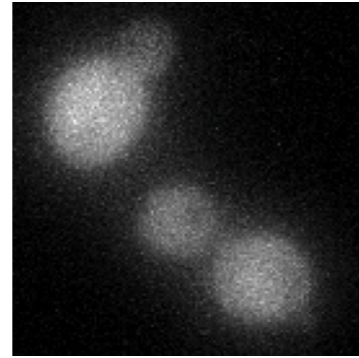
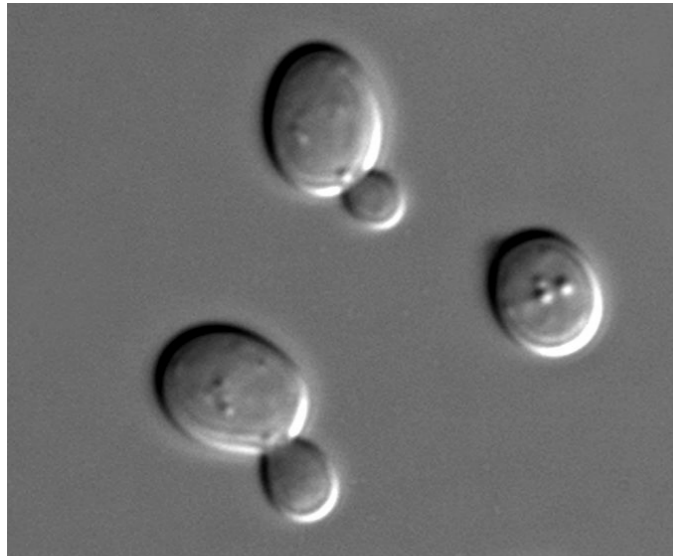
- + High precision
- + Great flexibility
- + Easy access
- + Semi-automation possible

Disadvantages

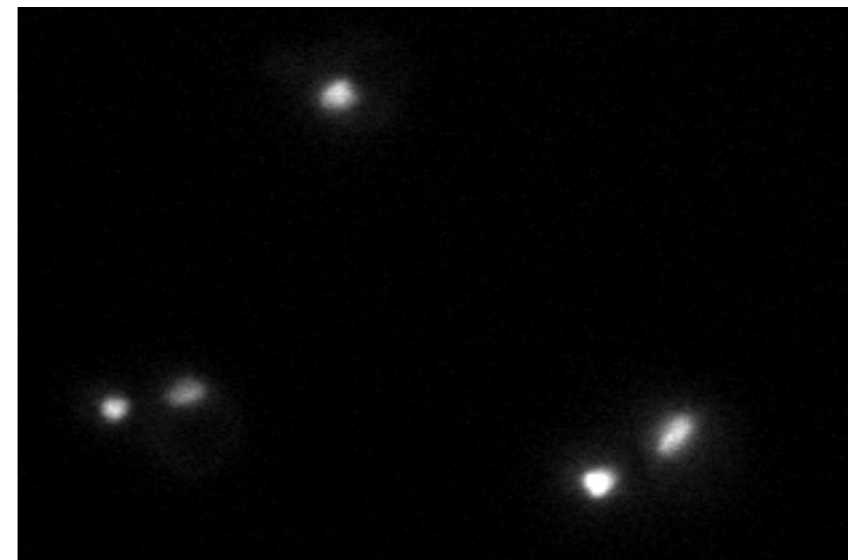
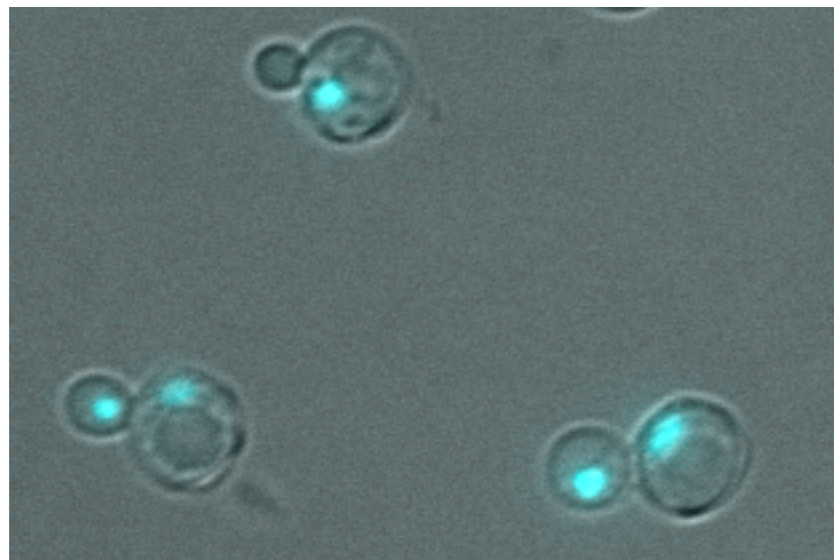
- Low throughput
 - Time consuming
 - Low number of cells
- Bias in cell selection



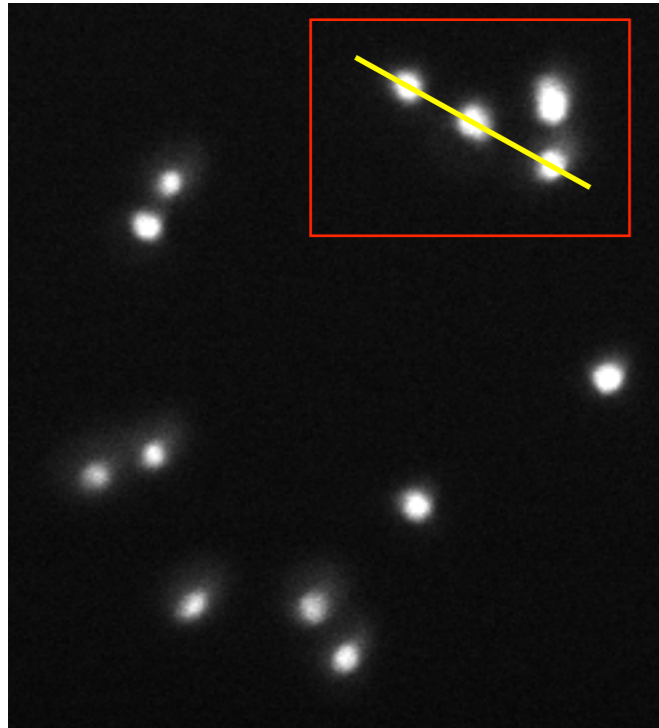
What is a yeast cell?



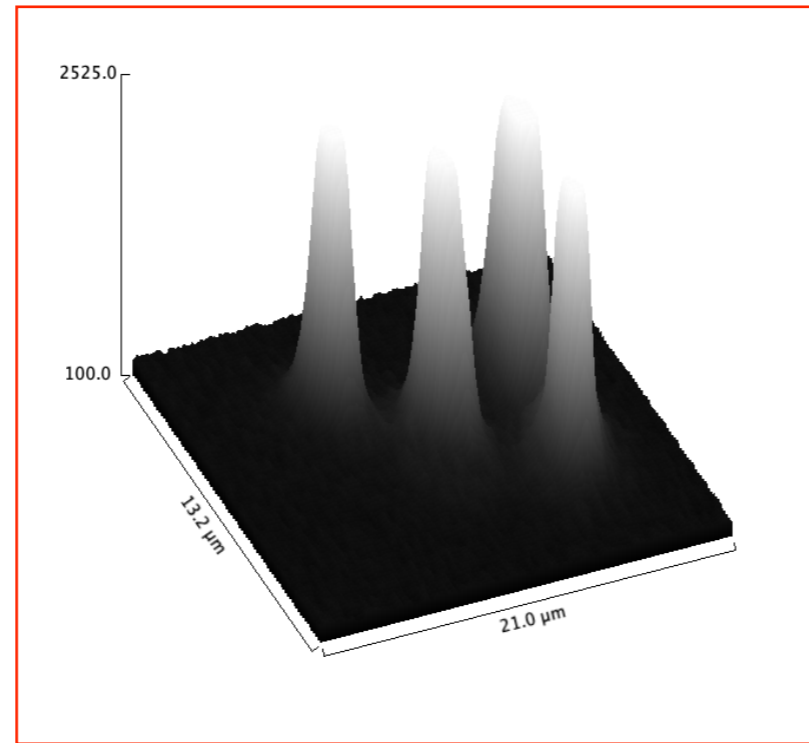
Contest: human vs machine



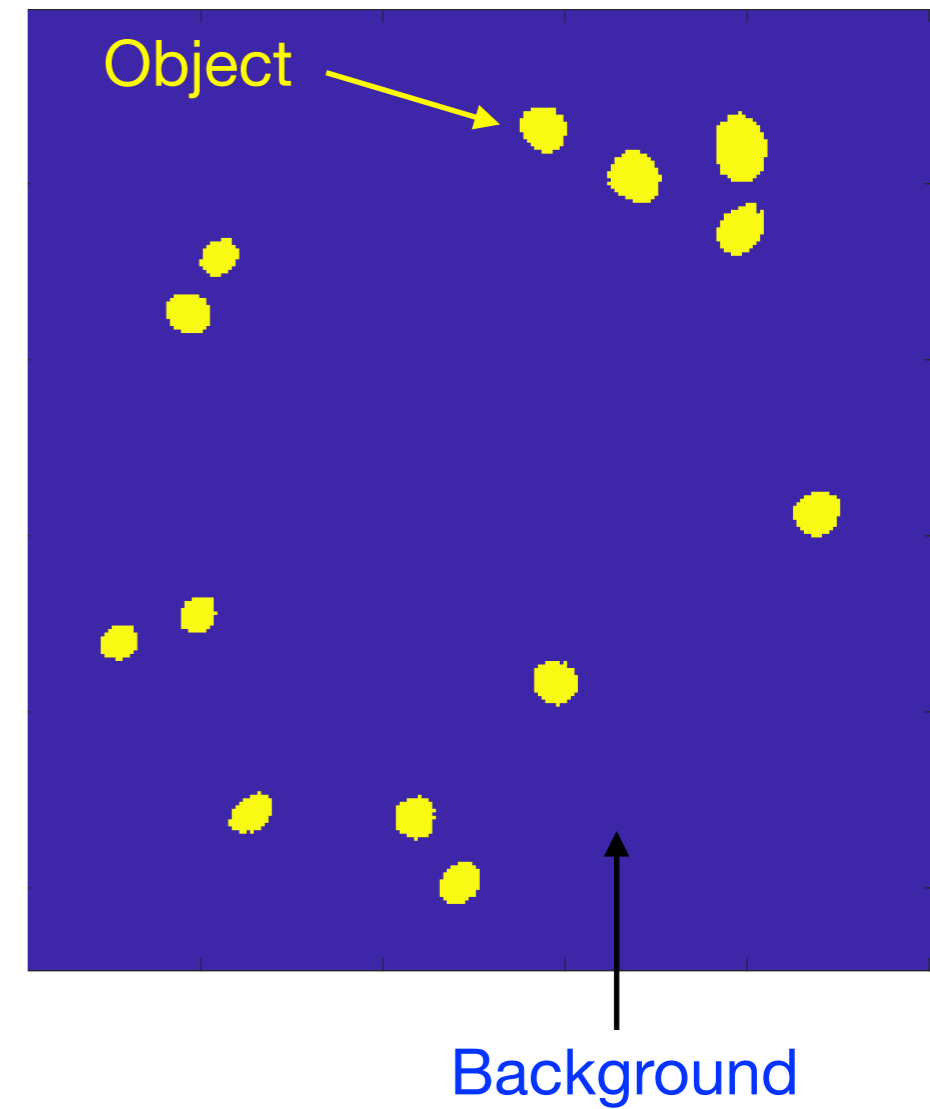
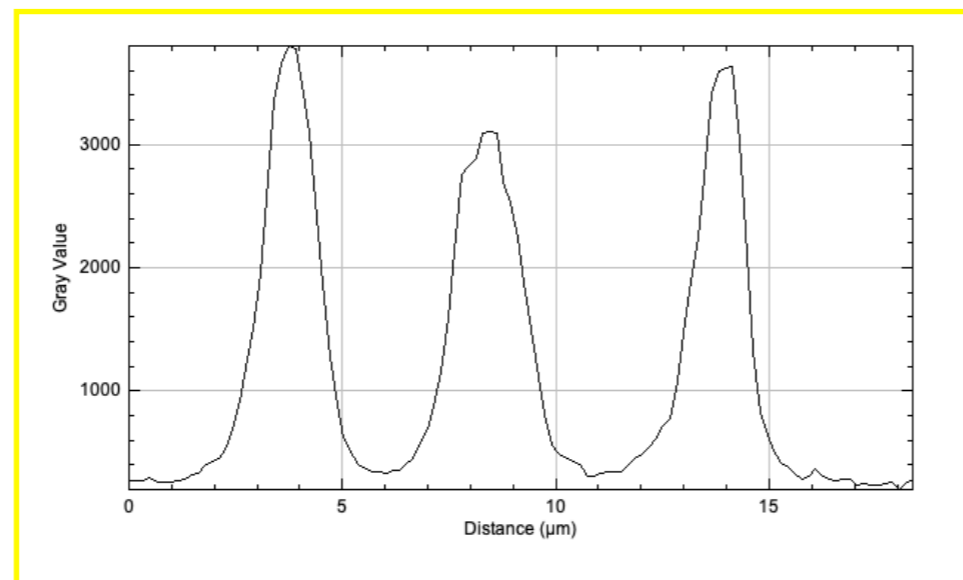
Thresholding



3D map



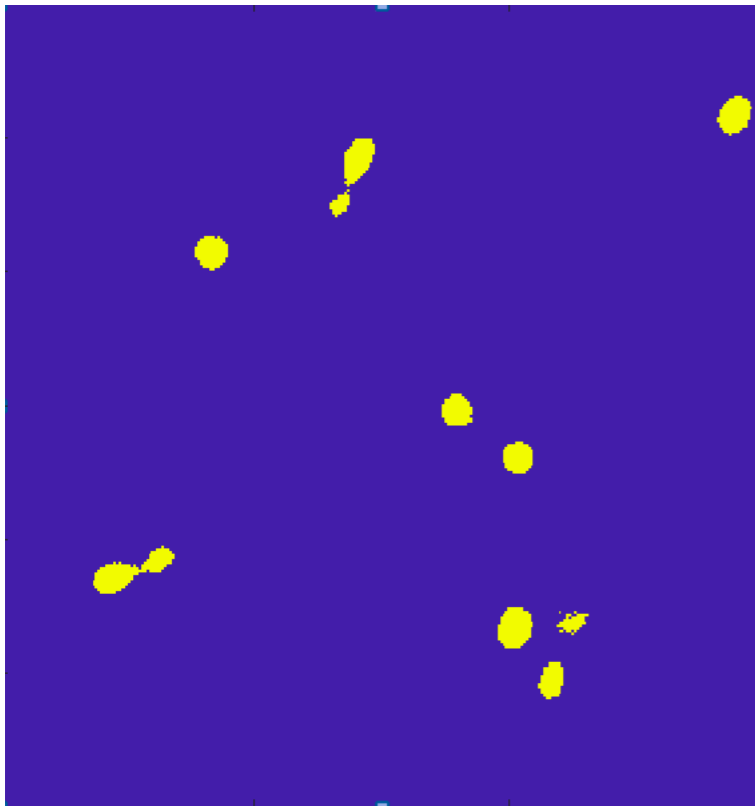
line scan



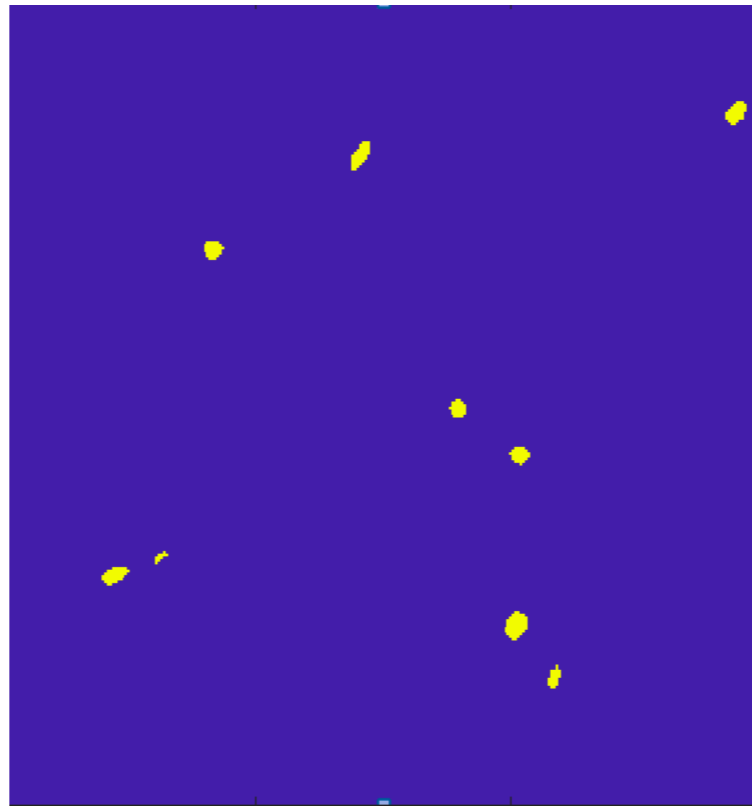
Next steps

Morphological operations

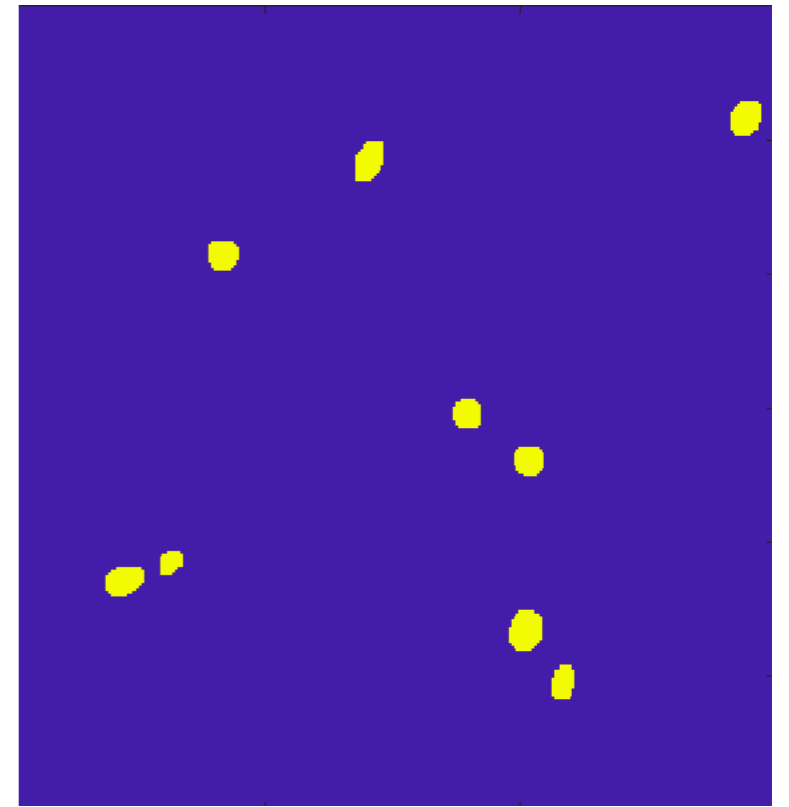
input



erosion

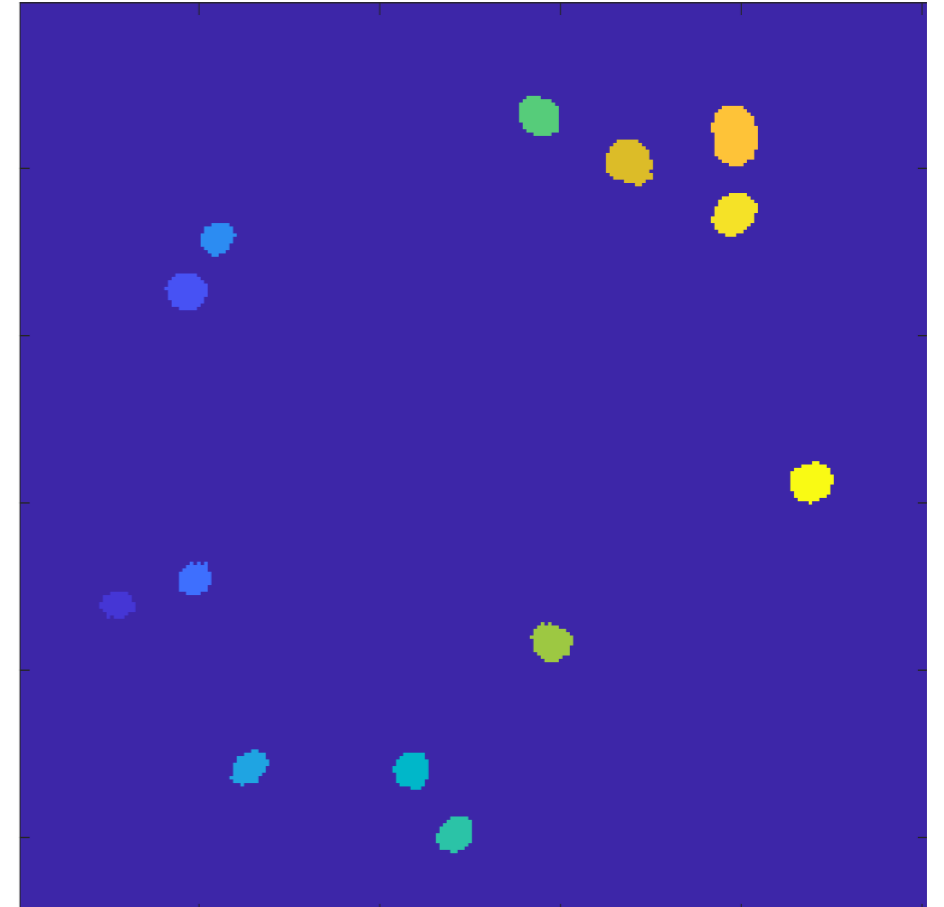
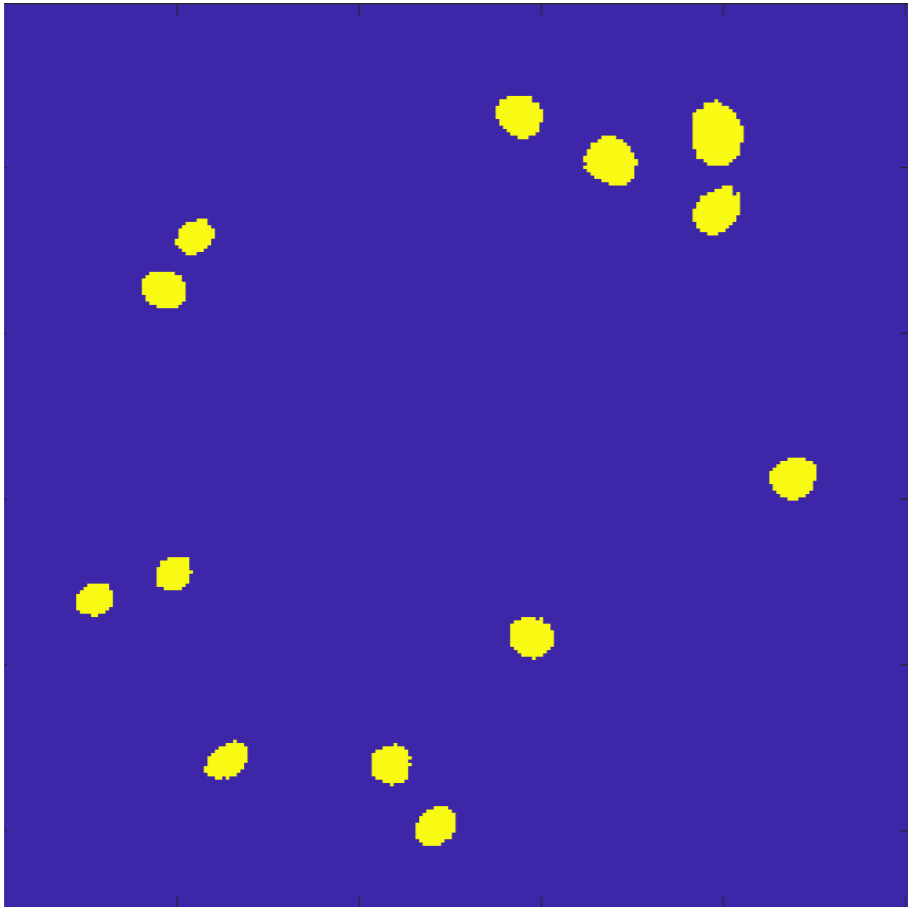


dilation



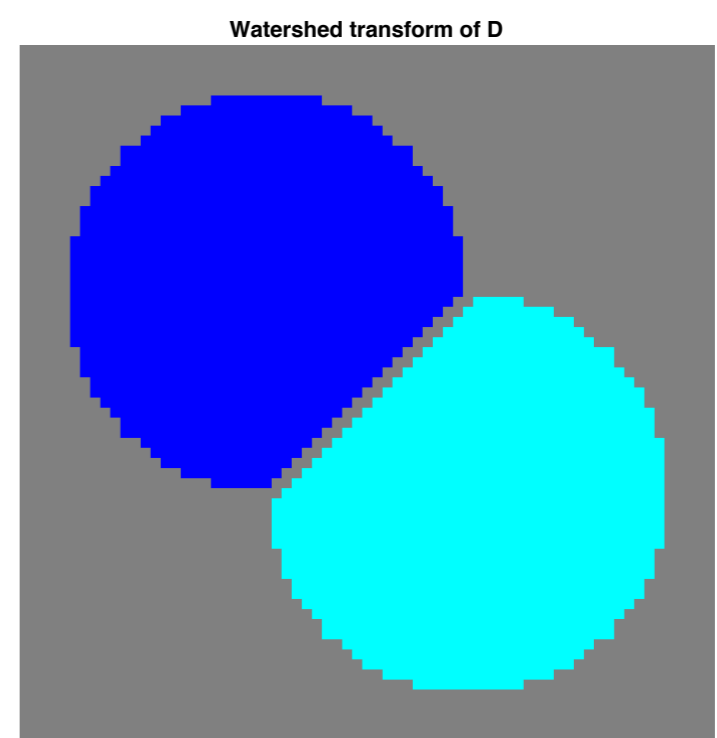
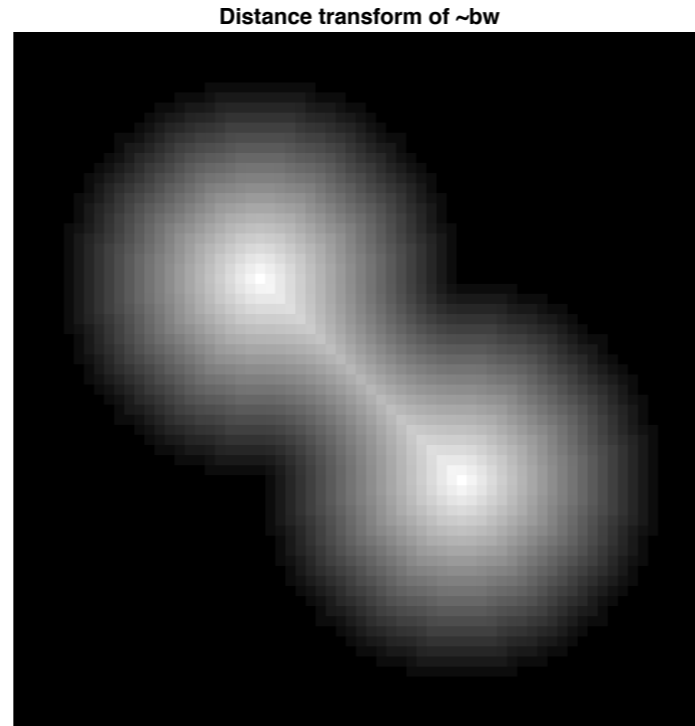
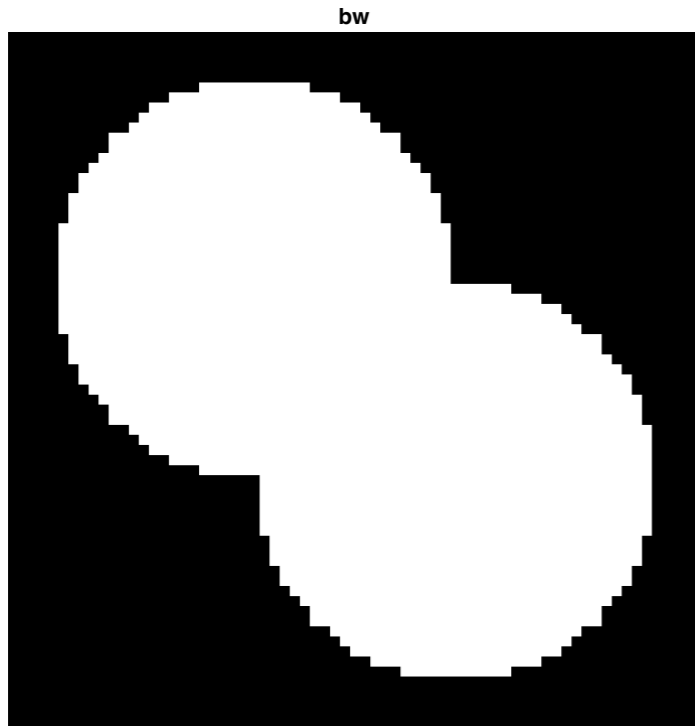
Next steps

Identify individual objects



Next steps

Pb touching objects... watershed transforms

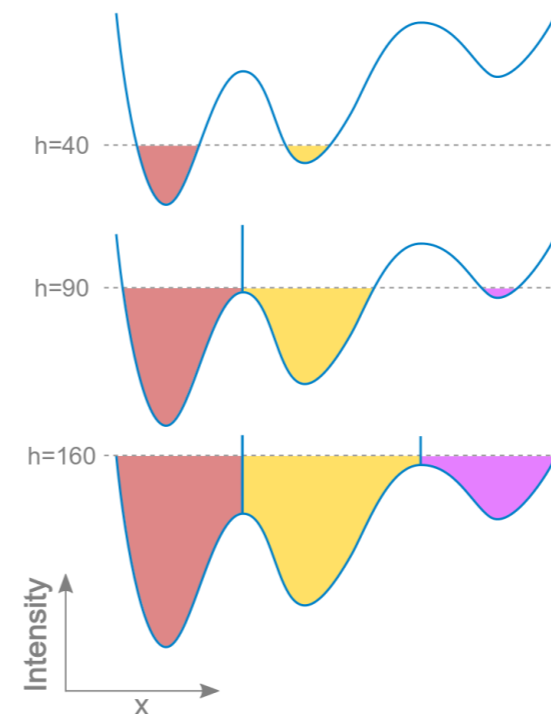


Distance transform

Watershed

The Mathworks

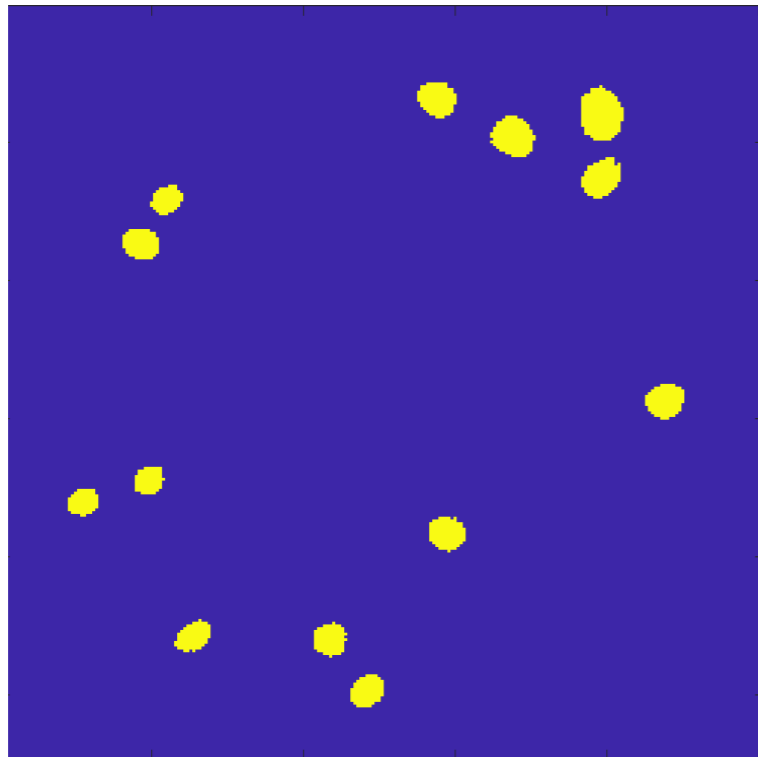
Real world example...



Feature Measurements

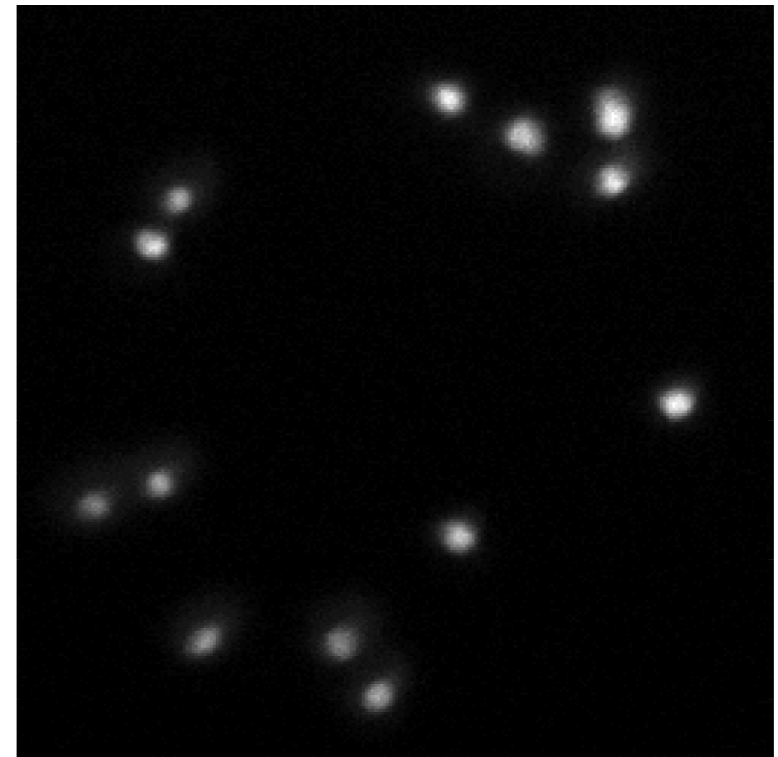
Cell geometry

- Area
- Major / Minor axis
- Angle
- Perimeter
- Solidity
- ...



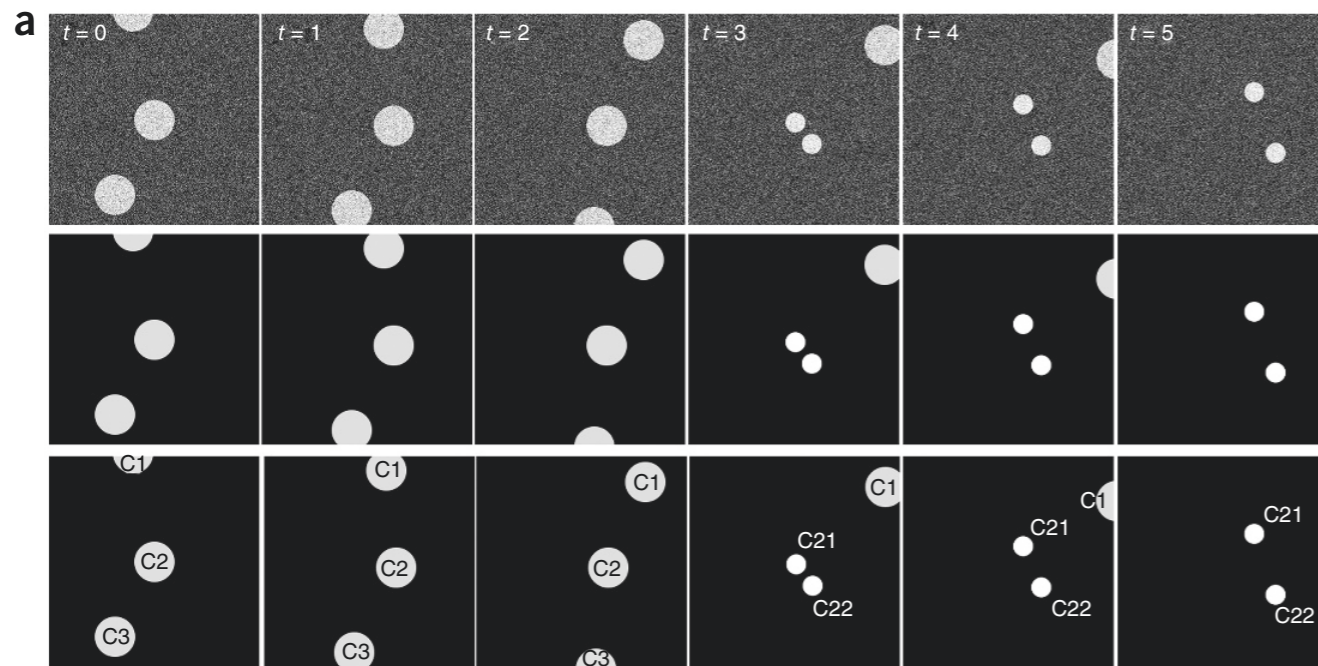
Cell Intensity

- Mean intensity
- Max / Min intensity
- Standard Deviation
- Texture
- Entropy
- ...

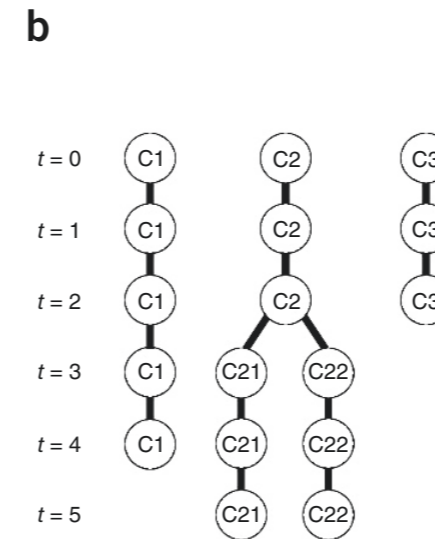


- Multiple channels
- Cellular regions: Cytoplasm vs nucleus
- ...

Tracking



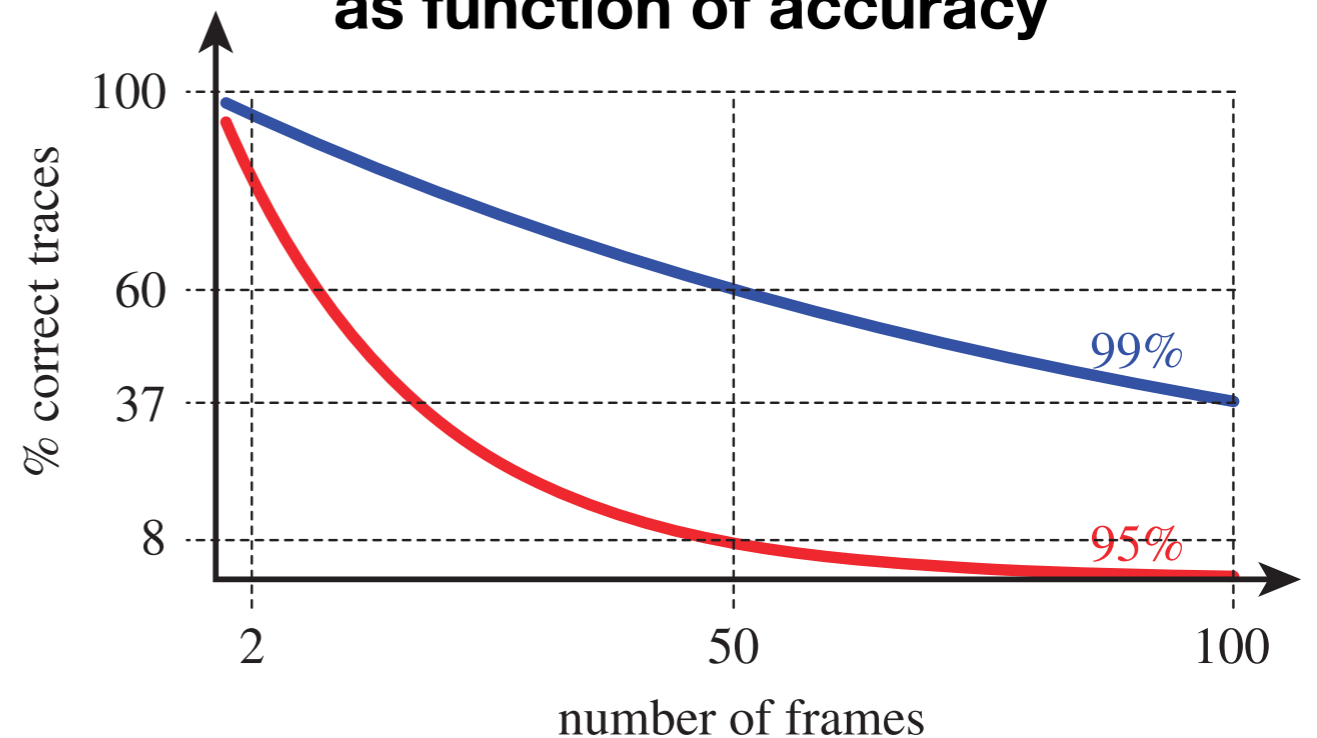
Ulman et al. Nature Methods, 2017



Tracking: following objects from one frame to the next

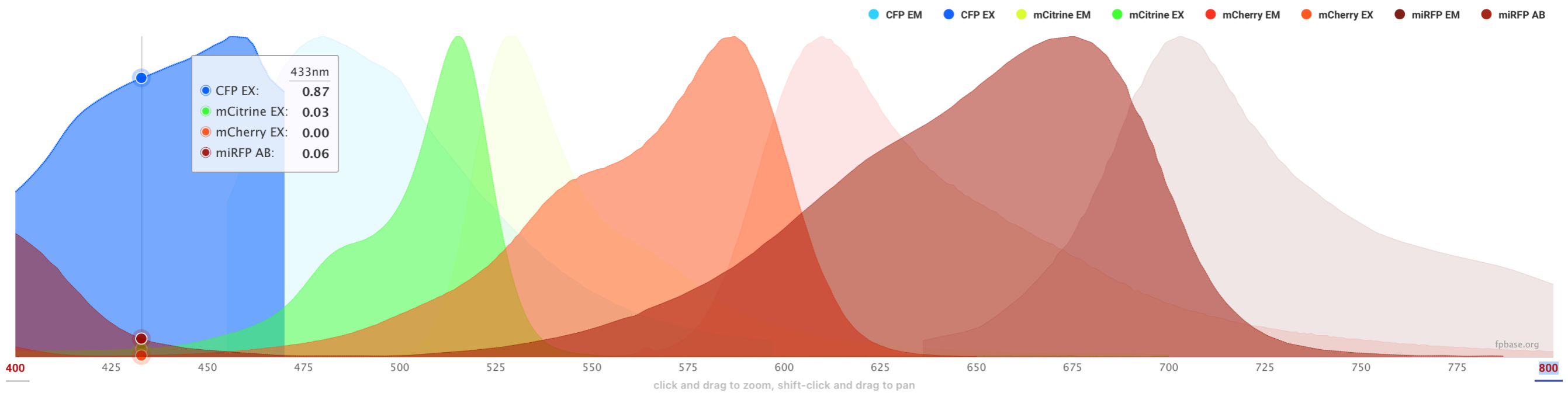
- Movement
- Appearance
- Disappearance
- Division
- Fusion
- Genealogy
- ...

Tracking performance degradation as function of accuracy



Versari et al. Journal of The Royal Society Interface, 2017

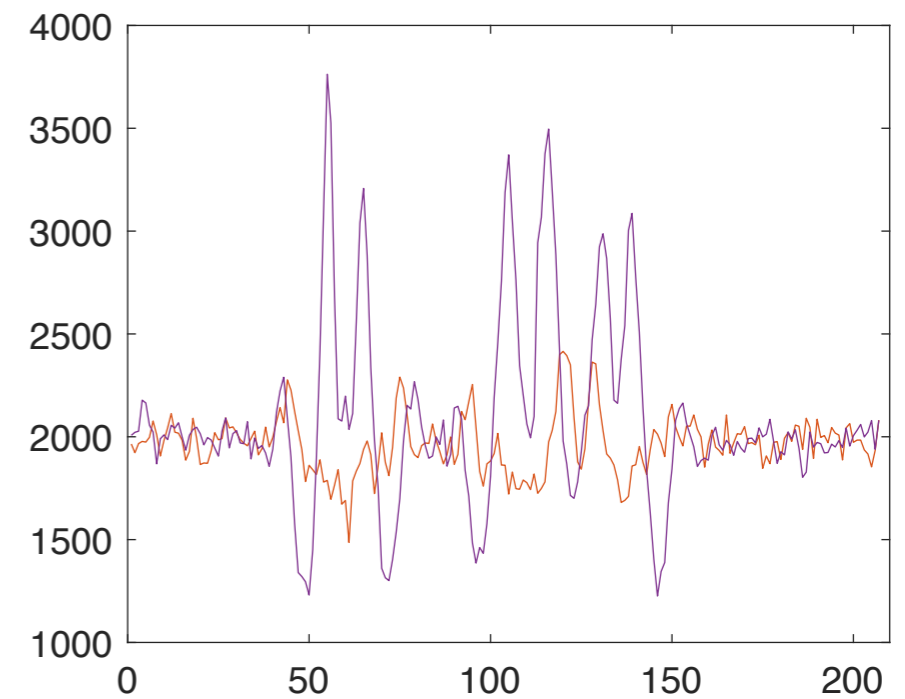
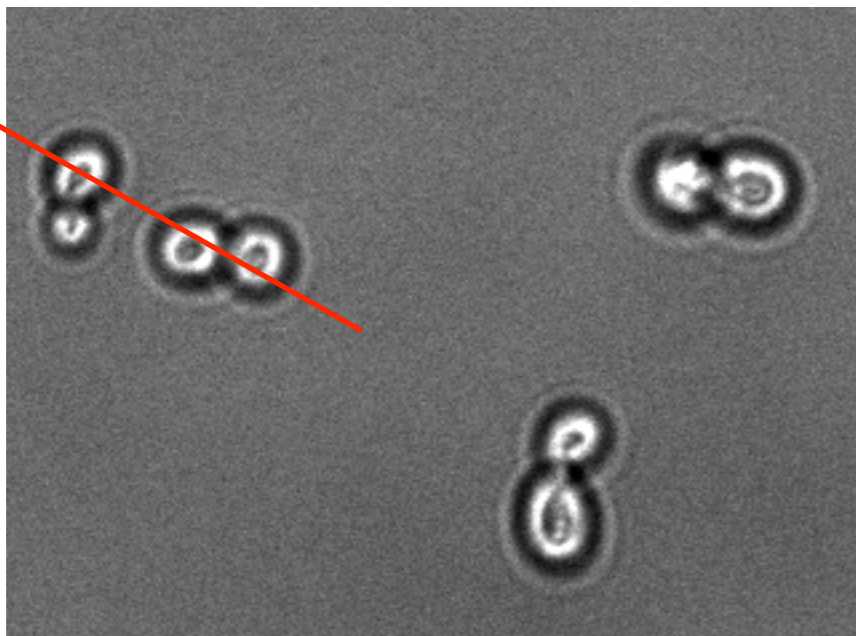
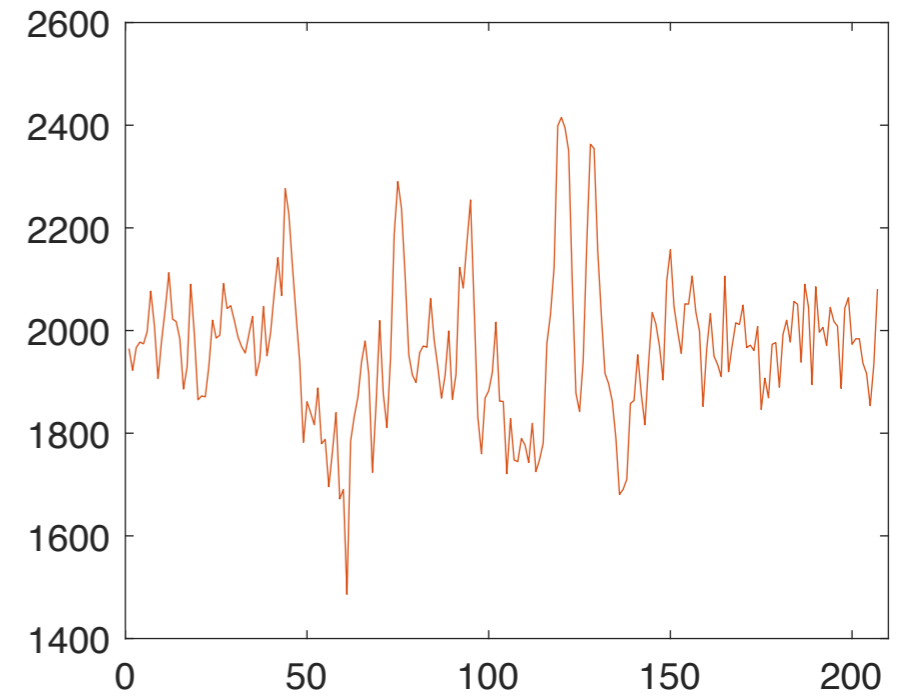
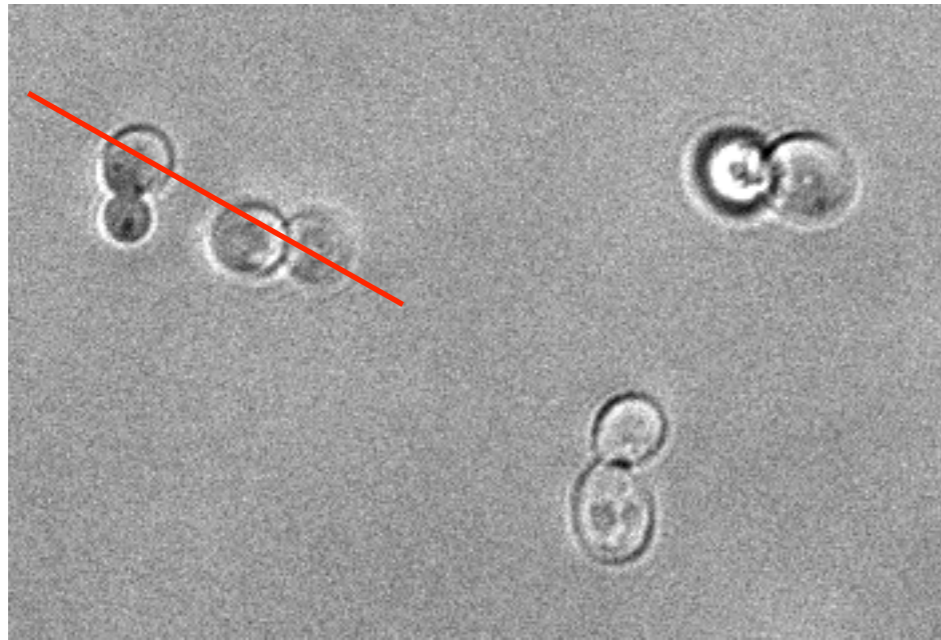
Fluorescent proteins



fpbase.org

- Fluorescent proteins have very wide spectra
- => difficult to combine more than 4 in the same experiment
- => Avoid using fluorescence for segmentation

Transmission Image



Small demo...

Other approaches

Snakes Active contours

Graph cuts

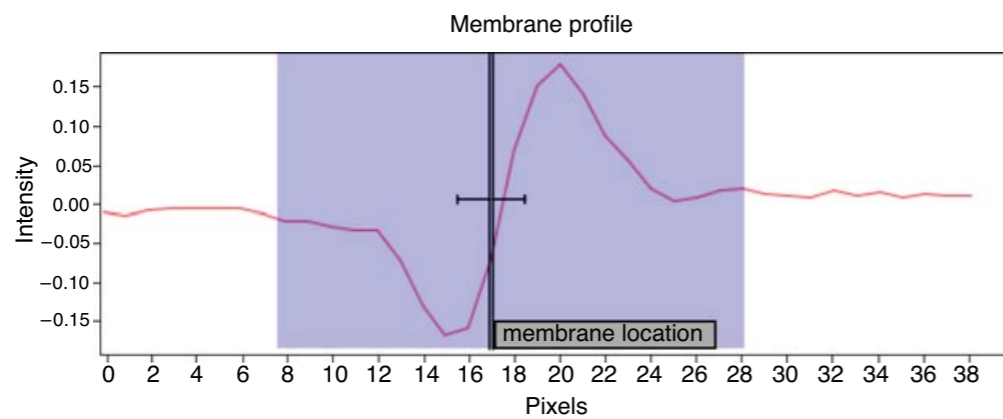
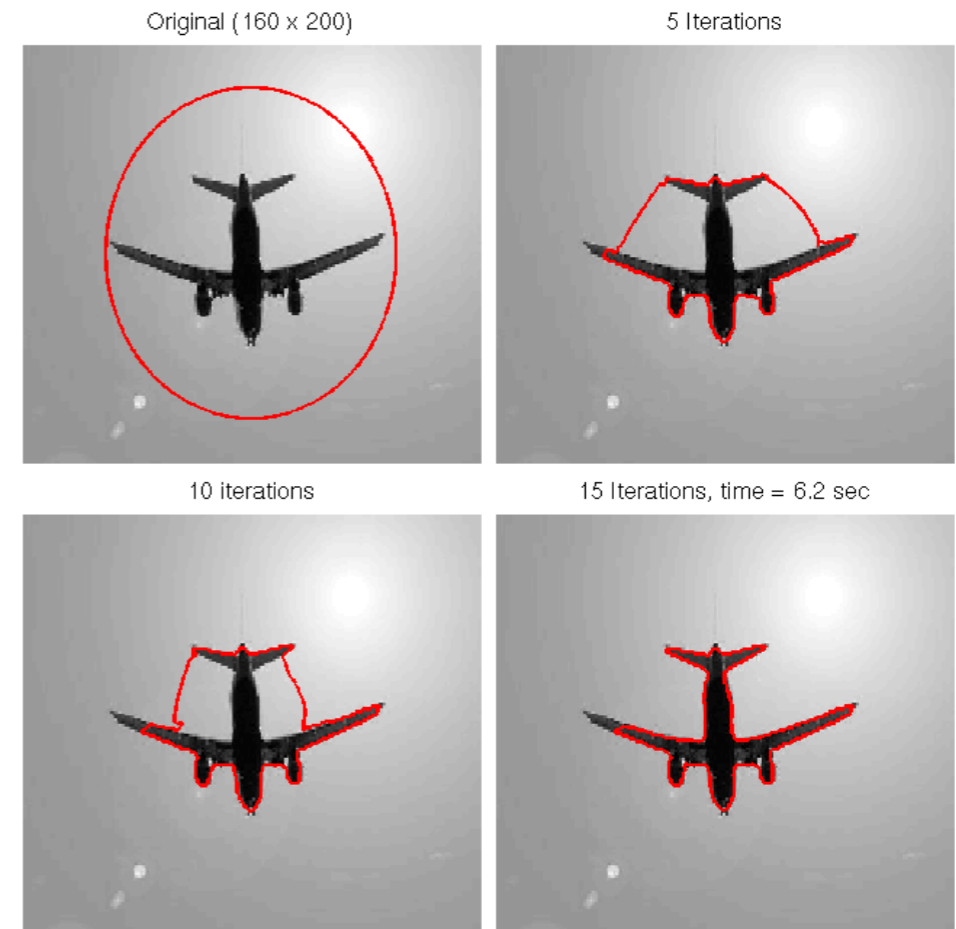


Figure 6: Segmentation of a test image using GAC/snakes. Results are shown at 4 different stages of the segmentation.



Goldstein, J Sci Comput (2010)

Artificial Intelligence

ImageNet 80'000 “words” 500-1000 images per word



J. Deng et al. IEEE Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, 2009

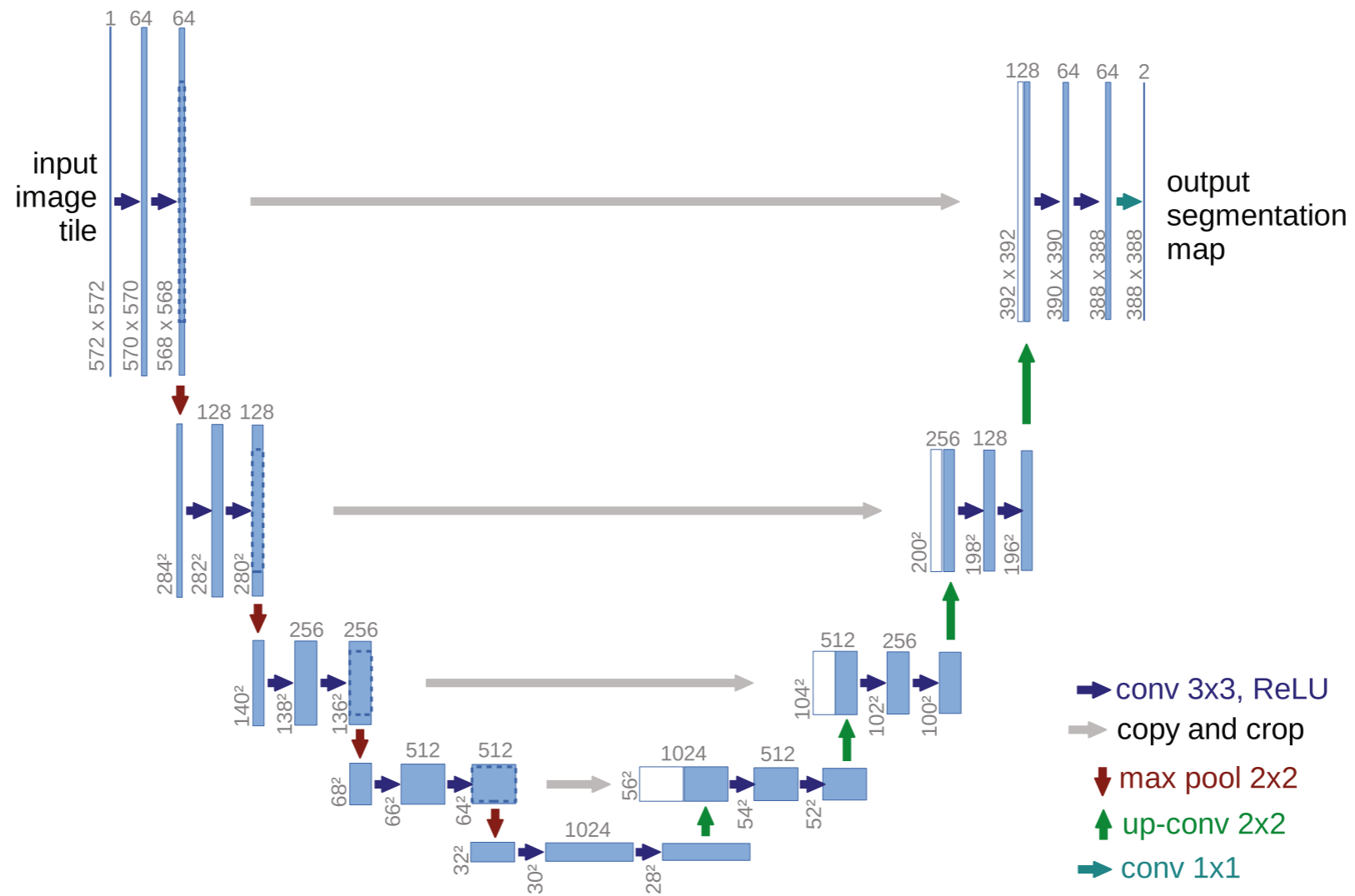
from 30% errors to 3% error in 6 years

- Large diversity in images improves training
- Great increase in accuracy from Neural Networks

Testing GoogLeNet...

Neural network

U-Net

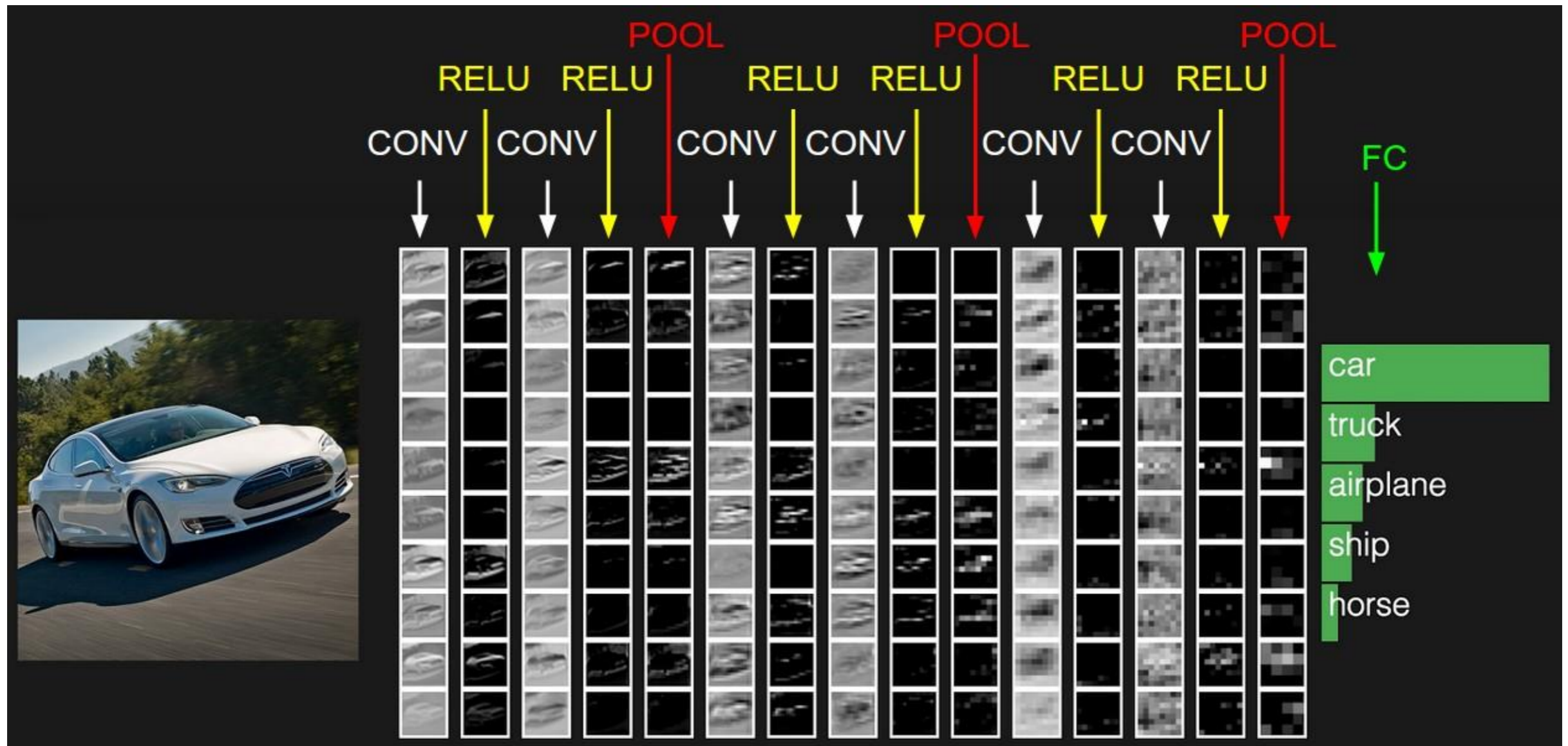


Ronneberger et al. Medical Image Computing and Computer-Assisted Intervention – MICCAI 2015, 2015

23 Layers:

- convolution
- pooling
- Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU)

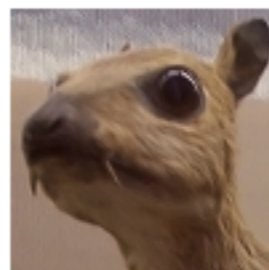
Neural network



courses.cs.washington.edu/

- convolution
- pooling
- Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU)

Input image



Convolution Kernel

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 8 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Feature map



developer.nvidia.com

Neural network

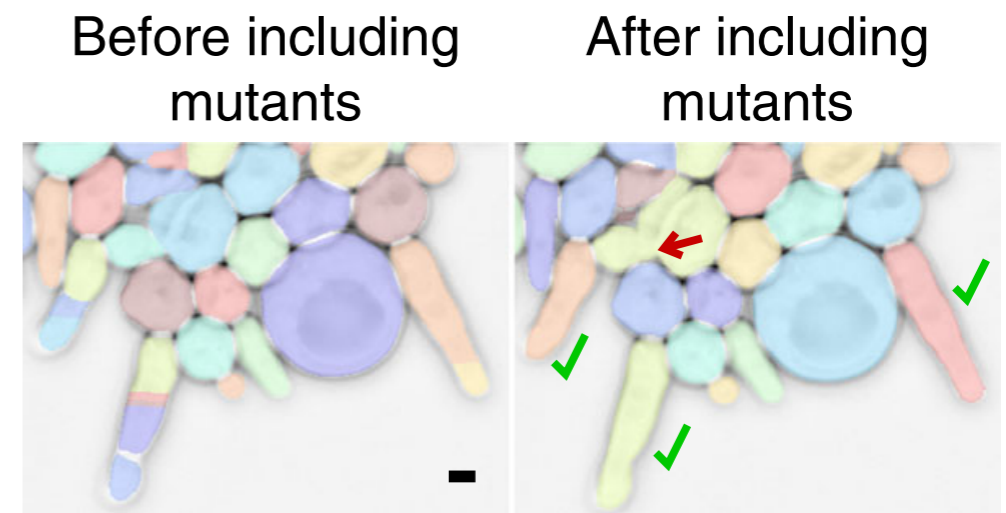
Manual training: example

ImageNet:

Amazon mechanical turk:
49'000 people during 3 years

YeaZ:

8'500 segmented yeast cells
Including mutants
Trained on phase contrast images

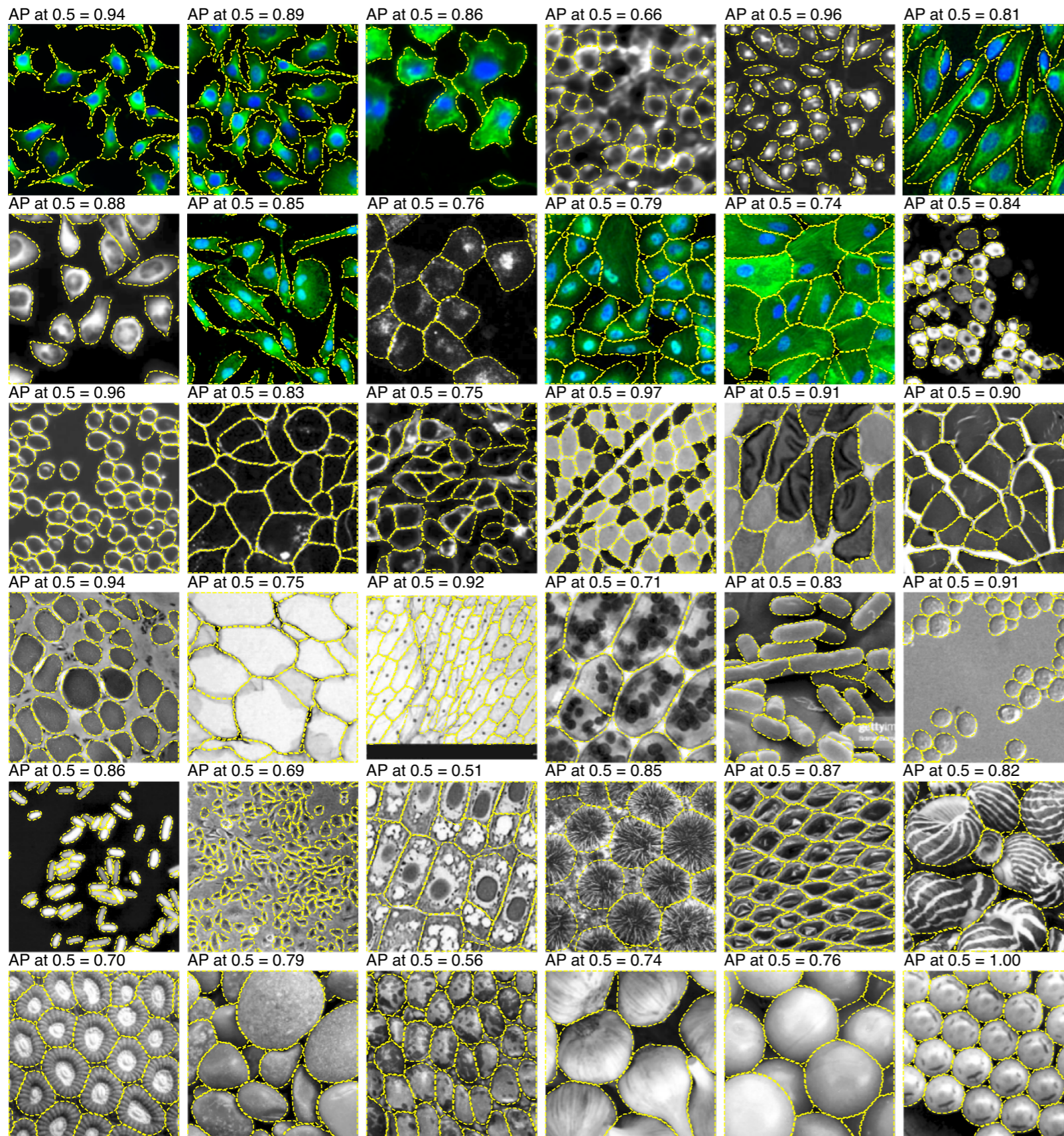


Dietler et al. Nature Communications, 2020

Data augmentation



CellPose



- 600 image
- Microscopy
 - Transmission
 - Fluorescence
 - Nucleus
 - Membrane
- non-microscopy

Conclusions

Manual segmentation

- Precision but low throughput

Algorithmic segmentation

- High throughput
- No perfect algorithm
- Lacks flexibility

AI-based segmentation

- High throughput
- Impressive performance
- Manual training!

Other uses of AI in image analysis:

- data improvements
- classification

Reviews: “AI segmentation”

von Chamier, L., Laine, R. F. & Henriques, R. Artificial intelligence for microscopy: what you should know. *Biochemical Society Transactions* **47**, 1029–1040 (2019).

Meijering, E. A bird’s-eye view of deep learning in bioimage analysis. *Computational and Structural Biotechnology Journal* **18**, 2312–2325 (2020).

Moen, E. *et al.* Deep learning for cellular image analysis. *Nat Methods* **16**, 1233–1246 (2019).

Example: “AI segmentation”

Dietler, N. *et al.* A convolutional neural network segments yeast microscopy images with high accuracy. *Nature Communications* **11**, 5723 (2020).

Stringer, C., Wang, T., Michaelos, M. & Pachitariu, M. Cellpose: a generalist algorithm for cellular segmentation. *Nat Methods* **18**, 100–106 (2021).

Stylianidou, S., Brennan, C., Nissen, S. B., Kuwada, N. J. & Wiggins, P. A. *SuperSegger*: robust image segmentation, analysis and lineage tracking of bacterial cells: Robust segmentation and analysis of bacteria. *Molecular Microbiology* **102**, 690–700 (2016).

Van Valen, D. A. *et al.* Deep Learning Automates the Quantitative Analysis of Individual Cells in Live-Cell Imaging Experiments. *PLoS Comput. Biol.* **12**, e1005177-24 (2016).

Reviews: “algorithmic segmentation”

Meijering, E. Cell Segmentation: 50 Years Down the Road [Life Sciences]. *IEEE Signal Processing Magazine* **29**, 140–145 (2012).

Wiesmann, V. *et al.* Review of free software tools for image analysis of fluorescence cell micrographs: REVIEW OF FREE SOFTWARE TOOLS FOR IMAGE ANALYSIS OF FLUORESCENCE CELL MICROGRAPHS. *Journal of Microscopy* **257**, 39–53 (2015).

Example: “algorithmic segmentation”

Carpenter, A. E. *et al.* CellProfiler: image analysis software for identifying and quantifying cell phenotypes. *Genome Biol* **7**, R100 (2006).

Chernomoretz, A., Bush, A., Yu, R., Gordon, A. & Colman-Lerner, A. Using Cell-ID 1.4 with R for microscope-based cytometry. *Curr Protoc Mol Biol* **Chapter 14**, Unit 14.18 (2008).

Wood, N. E. & Doncic, A. A fully-automated, robust, and versatile algorithm for long-term budding yeast segmentation and tracking. *PLoS ONE* **14**, e0206395 (2019).